file a motion to dismiss plaintiff, Daniel Keating-Traynor's (hereinafter referred to as "Plaintiff") 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

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first, second, third, fourth and fifth causes of action alleged against Defendant in his Complaint, Case No. CV-08-3035-MHP. This ex parte application is made pursuant to the United States District Court for the Northern District of California Local Rule 7-10 and Chief Judge Marilyn H. Patel's Standing Order number 4. This application is based on the fact that Plaintiff has filed a Complaint containing five causes against Defendant: one cause of action for conspiracy to violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200; one cause of action for alleged violations of the Fair Labor Standards Act 29 U.S.C. § 201 et seq. (hereinafter referred to as the "FLSA"); one cause of action for alleged conspiracy to violate the FLSA; one cause of action for failure to pay monies due at termination of employment; and one cause of action for conspiracy to violate California Labor Code section 558.

Defendant believes that this Complaint fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against Andrew Bahmanyar because: (1) the alleged improper acts took place more than three years prior to Plaintiff filing this Complaint and are therefore barred by the statute of limitations; (2) Plaintiff has failed to allege facts showing he is entitled to any relief under the FLSA; and (3) Plaintiff has failed to allege facts showing a justiciable conspiracy. This application is further based on the fact that counsel for Defendant has previously filed the proposed motion to dismiss before the Honorable Magistrate Judge Elizabeth D. Laporte on July 9, 2008. The hearing date for this motion was vacated on this Court's Order relating this action with Plaintiff's other action, case number CV-08-2907-MHP. Defendant is therefore seeking to refile this motion in accordance with this Court's July 16, 2008 Order and this Court's Standing Order Number 4.

This application is also based on the fact that in the CV-08-2907-MHP action, Defendant informed Plaintiff's counsel of its intention to respond to that Complaint by way of a motion to dismiss and requested Plaintiff's counsel stipulate to an extension of time to respond until after the initial case management conference. Plaintiff's counsel failed and/or refused to agree to such stipulation in that action. Defendant therefore filed an ex parte application requesting this Court allow it to file a motion to dismiss. This Court granted the ex parte application on July 15,

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2008. The issues raised in the proposed motion to dismiss are substantially similar, if not identical, to the issues raised in the motion to dismiss filed in the related action. Moreover, unless this application is granted, Defendant is faced with the possibility that it will have to file an answer and incur significant legal fees and costs defending this current action that is most likely barred by the statute of limitations and/or fails to state facts upon which relief can be granted.

This application is based on the attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the attached Declaration of Benjamin A. Emmert, the complete files and records in this action and any oral argument that may be heard by the Court with regard to this Application.

#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

#### I. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

Plaintiff's Complaint filed in this Court, case number CV-08-3035-MHP, is the third of four Complaints Plaintiff has filed for the same alleged wrong and which arises out of the same set of operative facts and the second Complaint Plaintiff has filed against Andrew Bahmanyar. Plaintiff filed his first complaint naming as the sole defendant AC Square, Inc. in the San Mateo County Superior Court on July 7, 2006, action number CIV 456118. (hereinafter referred to as the "Original Complaint"). The Original Complaint alleged AC Square, Inc. failed to pay Plaintiff all compensation, including overtime, that he believed was due and owing. Plaintiff dismissed the causes of action seeking unpaid wages from the Complaint without prejudice on June 25, 2007.

On June 29, 2007 Plaintiff filed a second Complaint in the San Mateo County Superior Court against AC Square, Inc. only, action number 464144. (hereinafter referred to as the "Second Complaint"). This Complaint again sought recovery of alleged unpaid wages including overtime.

For unexplained reasons and even though litigation on the Second Complaint was still proceeding, Plaintiff filed a new complaint in the San Mateo County Superior Court against AC Square, Inc. on June 10, 2008. (hereinafter referred to as the "Third Complaint"). The Third Complaint seeks essentially the same relief as the first two Complaints, but adds a cause of action for alleged violation of the FLSA and names additional parties, including Mr. Bahmanyar. As to Mr.

Bahmanyar, the Complaint alleges that Mr. Bahmanyar is the owner of AC Square, Inc. The San Mateo County Superior Court consolidated the Second and Third Complaints on June 19, 2008. AC Square, Inc. removed consolidated action to this Court on June 20, 2008. The consolidated action number is CV-08-3035-EDL.

For equally unexplained reasons, the day after filing the Third Complaint, Plaintiff filed the instant Complaint (hereinafter referred to as the "Fourth Complaint"). The Fourth Complaint names the same defendants and contains the same allegations concerning the FLSA as the Third Complaint.

The Second, Third and Fourth Complaints fail to allege any facts showing when Plaintiff' worked for AC Square, Inc. However, Plaintiff alleged in the Original Complaint he worked for AC Square, Inc. from about "January 30, 2005" to "about May 2, 2005." He further alleges he was terminated by AC Square, Inc. on about May 2, 2005.

On July 9, 2008, Defendant filed the proposed motion to dismiss before the Honorable Magistrate Judge Elizabeth D. Laporte. Pursuant to this Court's July 16, 2008 Order, the hearing date for this motion has been vacated and this Court ordered all prior pending motions be renoticed. Therefore, pursuant to this Court's Standing Order Number 4, Defendant respectfully requests this Court grant this *ex parte* application and allow Defendant to file the proposed motion to dismiss.

#### II. ARGUMENT

Plaintiff's Third Complaint contains five causes of action against Defendant for: conspiracy to violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200; violation of the FLSA; conspiracy to violate the FLSA; failure to pay monies at termination of employment; and, conspiracy to violate California Labor Code section 558. Among other deficiencies in the Third Complaint, the second, third, fourth and fifth causes of action appear to be barred by the statute of limitations. The statute of limitations for a FLSA violation is two or three years depending on whether an employer's violation is willful. See 29 U.S.C. § 255(a). The statute of limitations on a claim for failure to pay money at the termination of employment is three years. See Cal. Labor Code

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§§ 201, 203 (West 2008); Cal. Code Civ. Proc. § 338 (West 2008). The statute of limitations for an

alleged violation of California Labor Code section 558 is one year. See Cal. Code Civ. Proc. § 340

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(West 2008). Because Plaintiff has expressly admitted that he last worked for AC Square, Inc. on May 2, 2005, the statute of limitations on all of his causes of action expired by at least May 2, 2008. Huss v. City of Huntington Beach, 317 F. Supp. 2d 1151, 1161 (C.D. Cal. 2000) (citing Unexcelled Chem. Corp. v. United States, 73 S.Ct. 580, 584 (1953)).

In addition to the statute of limitations problems, the Third Complaint fails to allege facts showing a justiciable conspiracy. The Third Complaint alleges that AC Square, Inc., by and though its agents Afshin Ghaneh and Andrew Bahmanyar, conspired with Comcast, Inc. to not pay AC Square, Inc.'s employees, including Plaintiff, overtime. However, as the Third Complaint is currently drafted, Afshin Ghaneh and Andrew Bahmanyar cannot conspire with the other defendants pursuant to the agent immunity rule. In addition, Plaintiff's conspiracy claims against AC Square, Inc. and Comcast, Inc. fail because Plaintiff cannot allege either breached any duty owed to Plaintiff. A simple failure to comply with statutory overtime requirements as alleged in the Third Complaint does not support a claim for conspiracy. Reynolds v. Bement, 36 Cal. 4th 1075, 1090 (2005).

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure, Rule 12(a)(1)(A)(i) requires a defendant file an answer to a complaint within 20 day after being served. Federal Rule of Civil Procedure, Rule 12(b) allows a defendant to serve a motion to dismiss in lieu of an answer. However, in light of Standing Order Number 4, Defendant is unable to file the accompanying motion to dismiss until after the initial case management conference. Thus, Defendant is faced with the real possibility of incurring significant legal fees and costs by having to file an answer and respond to Plaintiff's discovery in an action that fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action and/or is barred by the statute of limitations.

Based on the foregoing, Defendant respectfully requests this Court grant this ex parte application and allow Defendant to file the accompanying motion to dismiss prior to the initial case management conference. A copy of the motion Defendant proposes to file in the event this application is granted is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

Dated: July 11, 2008

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TLER MENDELSON ROFESSIONAL CORPORATION Nest San Fernando Street 14th Floor in Jose, CA 95113.2303 408.998.4150 RONALD A. PETERS
BENJAMIN EMMERT

BENJAMIN EMMERT LITTLER MENDELSON A Professional Corporation Attorneys for Defendants AC SQUARE INC., AFSHIN GHANEH,

AND ANDREW BAHMANYAR

III. DECLARATION OF BENJAMIN A. EMMERT IN SUPPORT OF EX PARTE APPLICATION

I, Benjamin A. Emmert, declare:

- 1. That I am an associate in the law firm of Littler Mendelson, a professional corporation, which represents Defendant Andrew Bahmanyar with respect to the Plaintiff Daniel Keating-Traynor's Complaint in this matter. I am duly licensed to practice law in the State of California and I am one of the attorneys responsible for representing Defendant in this action. I have personal knowledge of the following facts and if called and sworn in as a witness could and would competently testify thereto;
- 2. This action is the third of four Complaints Plaintiff has filed seeking alleged unpaid overtime compensation against AC Square, Inc. and the second Complaint Plaintiff has filed against Andrew Bahmanyar;
- 3. On July 9, 2008 Defendant filed a motion to dismiss the first, second, third, fourth and fifth causes of action from Plaintiff's Third Complaint on behalf of Andrew Bahmanyar;
- 4. On July 16, 2008 this Court issued an Order relating this action with Plaintiff's Fourth Complaint filed in this Court, case number CV-08-2907-MHP. This July 16, 2008 Order vacated all pending hearing dates. Defendant therefore files this *ex parte* application seeking leave to re-file the previously filed and current proposed motion to dismiss;
- 5. This Court has previously granted Defendant's request to file a motion to dismiss which raises similar arguments to the current proposed motion in Plaintiff's related action,

6.

CV-08-2907-MHP.

6. Prior to requesting permission to file the motion to dismiss in the related action, case number CV-08-2907-MHP, I sent an email to Plaintiff's counsel advising him that Defendant would respond to that Complaint by motion to dismiss for failure to state a cause of action and requested that he stipulate to extending the deadline for Defendant to respond to the Complaint until after the initial case management conference. Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of the email I sent to Plaintiff's counsel containing the request;

- 7. Plaintiff's counsel did not agree to continue the deadline for Defendant to respond to the Fourth Complaint;
- 8. Attached hereto as Exhibit B is a true and correct copy of Defendant Andrew Bahmanyar's Notice of Motion and Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Causes of Action From Complaint, Case Number CV-08-3035-MHP, Request for Judicial Notice in support of the motion and the [Proposed] Order AC Square, Inc. proposes to file if this application is granted.

I hereby declare under penalty of perjury, under the laws of the State of California, that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this Declaration was executed on July 18, 2008, at San Jose, California.

BENJAMIN A. EMMERT

7.

**ORDER** 

2	Having considered Defendant's ex parte application for an order permitting Defendant to file			
3	Defendant Andrew Bahmanyar's Notice of Motion and Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's First and			
4	Second Causes of Action From Complaint, Case Number CV-08-3035-MHP, and finding good			
5	cause therefore, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant's request to file the attached motion to			
6	dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint is granted. Defendant shall file and serve the motion by no later than			
7	The hearing on this motion is set for, 2008 at 2:00 p.m. Any opposition			
8	to the motion shall be filed and served by, 2008. Any reply to the opposition shall be			
9	filed and served by, 2008.			
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11	DATED:, 2008 Honorable Marilyn H. Patel			
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#### Emmert, Benjamin A.

From:

Emmert, Benjamin A.

Sent:

Thursday, July 03, 2008 2:53 PM

To:

**DANIEL BERKO** 

Subject: RE: Keating-Traynor v. AC Square, Inc. et al, (Case No. CV-08-2907-MHP).

o protect my clients' rights to object to your complaint.

**From:** DANIEL BERKO [mailto:berkolaw@sbcglobal.net]

**Sent:** Thursday, July 03, 2008 2:28 PM

**To:** Emmert, Benjamin A.

C: C. Jato

**Subject:** Re: Keating-Traynor v. AC Square, Inc. et al, (Case No. CV-08-2907-MHP).

Vhy?

---- Original Message ----

From: Emmert, Benjamin A.
To: DANIEL BERKO

O - -- to Thursday July 02

Sent: Thursday, July 03, 2008 1:42 PM

Subject: RE: Keating-Traynor v. AC Square, Inc. et al., (Case No. CV-08-2907-MHP).

Dear Mr. Berko:

Thank you for considering my proposal. However, I will need to know your position by Monday. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

Benjamin A. Emmert

From: DANIEL BERKO [mailto:berkolaw@sbcglobal.net]

Sent: Thursday, July 03, 2008 1:13 PM

**To:** Emmert, Benjamin A. **Cc:** C. Jato; Peters, Ronald A.

**Subject:** Re: Keating-Traynor v. AC Square, Inc. et al, (Case No. CV-08-2907-MHP).

#### THE PLEADINGS

I think we should first discuss in general how we are going to handle the pleadings and then get court approval. Presently, there is a federal complaint and two state court cases having been removed to federal court. I am sure you noted when we filed the Notice of Related Cases that the federal case was assigned to Patel.

The court decides if the cases are related, but I assume you must agree that all 3 cases are "related" as used under the rules. Are you planning on filing anything in that regard?

#### YOUR PROPOSAL

I will consider your proposal. It might defeat the purpose of the standing order, but in general I would not challenge your right to file a 12(b)(6) motion.

#### ENFORCEMENT OF STATE COURT SUBPOENAS

I am concerned regarding the document subpoenas and I want to make sure we are clear here. You had no right to continue to use the subpoena power of the court to get documents by subpoena after the trial court stayed all discovery or after the two cases were removed for those two independent reasons. Having your service continue its efforts to obtain the documents after either of those dates would be highly inappropriate and actionable. I request you state who your service contacted after the order staying discovery including requests or demands that the documents be produced. I know that it happened because the company called my office after the stay of discovery was in effect to get documents due under the subpoena.

---- Original Message ---From: Emmert, Benjamin A.

To: DANIEL BERKO

Sent: Thursday, July 03, 2008 11:00 AM

Subject: Keating-Traynor v. AC Square, Inc. et al, (Case No. CV-08-2907-MHP).

Dear Mr. Berko:

Although you have not yet served the federal Complaint, case no. CV-08-2907-MHP on AC Square, Inc., Mr. Afshin Ghaneh, or Mr. Andrew Bahmanyar, we have obtained a copy and note that it has been assigned to the Honorable Judge Marilyn H. Patel. As you know, Judge Patel has a standing order that states, "Motions to dismiss shall not be filed before the initial Case Management Conference except by leave of the court." Once you serve the complaint, AC Square, Inc., Mr. Afshin Ghaneh and Mr. Andrew Bahmanyar will respond my way of a Federal Rule of Civil Procedure, Rule 12(b)(6) motion to dismiss. Given Judge Patel's standing order, we request that you stipulate to extending the time for AC Square, Inc., Mr. Afshin Ghaneh and Mr. Andrew Bahmanyar to respond to the complaint until after the initial case management conference. Please advise whether you will agree to the proposed stipulation. Please do not hesitate to contact my office if you have any questions or if you would like to discuss this matter further.

#### Benjamin A. Emmert Esq. | Littler Mendelson, PC

The National Employment & Labor Law Firm®

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San Jose, California 95113

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Document 18-3

Filed 07/18/2008

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Notice of Motion and Motion to Dismiss, FRCP Rule 12(b)(6)

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ELSON	Case No. CV-08-3035-MHP iv.	Notice of Motion and Motion to Dismiss, FRCP		

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#### NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION

## TO ALL PARTIES BY AND THROUGH THEIR RESPECTIVE ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

Please take notice that on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2008 at \_\_\_\_\_\_ a.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard in Courtroom 15 of the District Court of the Northern District of California located at 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94012, before The Honorable Marilyn H. Patel, Defendant Andrew Bahmanyar will move this court for an order dismissing Plaintiff, Daniel Keating-Traynor's (hereinafter referred to as "Plaintiff") first, second, third, fourth and fifth causes of action against Mr. Bahmanyar from the Complaint, case number CV-08-3035-EDL (reassigned action number CV-08-3035-MHP). Mr. Bahmanyar's motion to dismiss Plaintiff's first, second, third, fourth and fifth causes of action from the action number CV-08-3035-EDL (reassigned action number CV-08-3035-MHP) is brought pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure, Rule 12(b)(6) and on the grounds that each of these causes of action fail to state facts sufficient to sustain these claims. Mr. Bahmanyar's motion to dismiss Plaintiff's second, third, fourth and fifth causes of action is made on the additional ground that these causes of action are barred by the applicable statute of limitations.

This Motion is based on this Notice of Motion and Motion, the Memorandum of Points and Authorities set forth below, the Request for Judicial Notice, any oral argument that may be heard, and all pleadings and papers on file in this action.

#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Andrew Bahmanyar brings this motion to dismiss Plaintiff's first, second, third, fourth and fifth causes of action against himself only and not on behalf of any other co-defendant, including Comcast, Inc. To the extent this motion discusses Plaintiff's allegations regarding co-defendant Comcast, Inc. in his conspiracy causes of action, Plaintiff's first, third and fifth causes of action, such discussion is made solely for the purpose of showing Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state facts sufficient to support a conspiracy cause of action against Andrew Bahmanyar and for no other purpose. Counsel for Andrew Bahmanyar does not represent Comcast, Inc. and no argument in this Firmwide:85908044.1 047098.1008

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motion should be inferred as being made by or on behalf of Comcast, Inc.

Plaintiff's Complaint, action number CV-08-3035-EDL (reassigned action number CV-08-3035-MHP), contains five causes of action against Mr. Bahmanyar, each of which fail to state facts sufficient to sustain these claims against Mr. Bahmanyar as a matter of law. Specifically, Plaintiff's first cause of action for conspiracy to violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200, his third cause of action for conspiracy to violate the federal Fair Labor Standards Act, 20 U.S.C. § 201 et seq., (hereinafter referred to as the "FLSA") and his fifth cause of action for conspiracy to violate California Labor Code section 558 each fail to state facts showing a justicable conspiracy. Plaintiff's second cause of action for violation of the FLSA fails to state facts showing Mr. Bahmanyar did not pay the applicable federal minimum wage and/or that he did not pay Plaintiff overtime compensation to which he was entitled. In addition, Plaintiff's second cause of action for violation of the FLSA; his third cause of action for conspiracy to violate the FLSA; his fourth cause of action for violation of California Labor Code section 203 (entitled "Failure to Pay Monies Due at Termination of Employment"); and his fifth cause of action for conspiracy to violate California Labor Code section 558 are all barred by the applicable statute of limitations. Regarding the statute of limitations, Plaintiff admitted in documents he filed with the San Mateo County Superior Court that he last worked for AC Square, Inc., and by alleged association Mr. Bahmanyar, on May 2, 2005. In fact, Plaintiff claimed that AC Square, Inc. terminated his employment May 2, 2005 in these documents. Thus, any claim Plaintiff may have had against Mr. Bahmanyar for alleged violations of the FLSA and/or California Labor Code sections 203 and 558 began to run as of May 2, 2005 and are now time barred.

#### II. STATEMENT OF FACTS

#### A. AC, Square, Inc.

AC Square, Inc. is a cable installation contractor, doing work primarily for Comcast, Inc. Defendant provides installation of cable television and computer related services to primarily residential customers of Comcast at various locations in northern California. AC Square, Inc. was formed in February of 2004. AC Square, Inc. currently employees between ninety and one hundred and thirty technicians.

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#### B. Procedural History

Plaintiff's instant Complaint, action number CV-08-3035-EDL (reassigned action number CV-08-3035-MHP), is the third of four Complaints Plaintiff has filed against AC Square, Inc. and the second he has filed against Mr. Bahmanyar for the same alleged wrong.

#### 1. Plaintiff's First Complaint

Plaintiff filed his first Complaint against AC Square, Inc. in the San Mateo County Superior Court on July 7, 2006, action number CIV 456118. (hereinafter referred to as the "Original Complaint") (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. A). The Original Complaint contained five causes of action for: (1) nonpayment of wages in violation of California Labor Code section 201; (2) failure to pay overtime wages in violation of California Labor Code sections 510 and 1198; (3) violation of California Labor Code section 2802; (4) wrongful termination; and, (5) failure to provide personnel file/failure to provide itemized wage statements in violation of California Labor Code sections 226, 432 and 1198.5. *Id.* As pertinent to this motion, the Original Complaint alleged AC Square, Inc. failed to pay Plaintiff compensation for all hours that he worked. Plaintiff dismissed his first, second, third and fifth causes of action without prejudice on June 25, 2007. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. B). Plaintiff's fourth cause of action for wrongful termination was dismissed following a grant of summary adjudication in favor of AC Square, Inc. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. C). Judgment was entered on the Original Complaint on June 28, 2007. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. D).

### 2. Plaintiff's Second Complaint

Plaintiff filed a second Complaint against AC Square, Inc. in the San Mateo County Superior Court on June 29, 2007, action number 464144. (hereinafter referred to as the "Second Complaint") (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. E). Plaintiff's Second Complaint contains five causes of action for: (1) violation of California Business and Professions Code section 17200; (2) violation of California Labor Code section 2802; (3) failure to pay overtime wages pursuant to California Labor Code section 510 and 1194; (4) failure to furnish itemized wage statements pursuant to California Labor Code section 226; and, (5) failure to pay wages due. *Id.* This Complaint, like the Original Complaint, alleges AC Square, Inc. failed to pay Plaintiff compensation Firmwide:85908044.1 047098.1008

for all hours worked. The first through fourth causes of action are brought on behalf of Plaintiff and all other similarly situated individuals. *Id.* The fifth cause of action was brought by Plaintiff on his own behalf. *Id.* 

#### 3. Plaintiff's Third Complaint

On June 10, 2008 Plaintiff filed a new Complaint in the San Mateo County Superior Court, action number 473571, removed action number CV-08-3035-EDL (reassigned action number CV-08-3035-MHP) (hereinafter referred to as the "Third Complaint") (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F). Plaintiff's Third Complaint is the subject of the instant motion to dismiss. It, like the Second Complaint, is styled as a class action on behalf of Plaintiff and all other similarly situated individuals. *Id.* The Third Complaint names as defendants AC Square, Inc. and adds as defendants, Comcast, Inc., Afshin Ghaneh, and Andrew Bahmanyar. It contains five causes of action for: (1) conspiracy to violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200; (2) violation of the FLSA; (3) conspiracy to violate the FLSA; (4) failure to pay monies at termination of employment; and, (5) conspiracy to violate California Labor Code section 558. *Id.* This Complaint, like the Original Complaint and the Second Complaint alleges the same wrongful conduct. The significant differences between the Third Complaint and the Original and Second Complaint is this Complaint alleges different causes of action and names additional defendants. However, the underlying allegations are identical.

On June 19, 2008 AC Square, Inc. moved to consolidate Plaintiff's Second and Third Complaints. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. G). The San Mateo Superior Court granted AC Square, Inc.'s consolidation request and ordered the Second and Third Complaints consolidated under action number 464144. *Id.* (The Second and Third Complaints will hereinafter be collectively referred to as the "Consolidated Action"). On June 20, 2008 AC Square, Inc. removed the Consolidated Action to this Court. (to Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. H).

#### 4. Plaintiff's Fourth Complaint

On June 11, 2008, Plaintiff filed another new Complaint in the Northern District of California, action number CV-08-2907-MHP. (hereinafter referred to as the "Fourth Complaint"). The Fourth Complaint, like the Third Complaint names as defendants AC Square, Inc., Comcast, Firmwide:85908044.1 047098.1008 4.

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Inc. Afshin Ghaneh, and Andrew Bahmanyar. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. I). The Fourth Complaint contains two causes of action for: (1) violation of the FLSA; and, (2) conspiracy to violate the FLSA. *Id.* The Fourth Complaint is essentially the same as the Third Complaint, but only alleges causes of action for alleged violations of the FLSA.

On June 27, 2008 Plaintiff filed an administrative motion to have the Consolidated Action and the Fourth Complaint related. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. J).

#### C. Statement of Allegations

This Motion is directed to the first, second, third, fourth and fifth causes of action in Plaintiff's Third Complaint. Plaintiff's Third Complaint alleges that Mr. Bahmanyar "is responsible for the payroll and business practice of AC Square [Inc.]." (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F, ¶ 5, p. 2 17-19).

Plaintiff alleges AC Square, Inc. employs cable technicians who install, disconnect, and upgrade cable television and computer services to Comcast consumers. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F, ¶ 1, p. 1:21-24). Plaintiff further alleges he "was **formerly** employed by AC Square, Inc. as a cable television and computer technician and installed, upgraded, disconnected and provided similar services to consumers who use Comcast services and equipment of Comcast." (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F, ¶ 8, p. 3:10-12) (emphasis added).

While Plaintiff admits he was "formerly employed by AC Square, Inc.", the Third Complaint conveniently omits any allegations showing time period he worked for AC Square, Inc. However, in Plaintiff's prior action, the Original Complaint, Plaintiff expressly admitted that he was employed by AC Square, Inc. from "around January 30, 2005" to "about May 2, 2005." (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. A, ¶ 5, p. 2:9; ¶ 13, p. 3:11). In that same Complaint, Plaintiff admitted that AC Square, Inc. terminated him on about May 2, 2005. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. A, ¶ 13, p. 3:11).

In addition, the Third Complaint also fails to allege any facts showing Plaintiff's weekly or monthly salary - or hourly wage – while he was employed by AC Square, Inc. It also specifically fails to allege any facts showing the hours he claims to have worked for AC Square, Inc. and/or whether Plaintiff actually worked any hours for the purposes of overtime compensation.

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Notwithstanding Plaintiff's failure to allege the time period he worked for AC Square, Inc., his salary, or his hours worked, Plaintiff concludes that he is entitled to bring this action on his own and on behalf of all other similarly situated individuals and concludes that AC Square, Inc. failed to pay him and other employees "wages during all hours that they worked." (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F, ¶ 9, p. 3:17-19). He also claims AC Square, Inc. failed to pay overtime compensation when he and/or other employees worked in excess of eight hours a day, more than forty hours in a week, worked a seventh day in a row and/or worked more than eight hours on the seventh day. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F. ¶ 9, p. 3:17-19). Plaintiff's bases his first cause of action for conspiracy to violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200; his second cause of action for violations of the FLSA; his third cause of action for conspiracy to violate the FLSA; his fourth cause of action for failure to pay monies due at termination of employment; and his fifth cause of action for conspiracy to violate California Labor Code section 558 against AC Square, Inc. exclusively on the above referenced allegations and nothing else. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F).

#### III. STATUTORY AUTHORITY

Andrew Bahmanyar brings this Motion pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure, Rule 12(b)(6). A Rule 12(b)(6) motion tests the legal sufficiency of the claims stated in a civil complaint and authorizes the court to dismiss an action on the basis of a dispositive issue of law. See *Owest Communications Corp. v. City of Berkeley*, 208 F.R.D. 288, 291 (N.D. Cal. 2002).

In entertaining a Rule 12(b)(6) motion, a court must determine whether the facts alleged by the plaintiff, if assumed to be true, would entitle that plaintiff to a legal remedy. Dismissal of an action under Rule 12(b)(6) is proper "where there is either a 'lack of a cognizable legal theory' or 'the absence of sufficient facts alleged under a cognizable legal theory." 9 Schwarzer, et. al., California Practice Guide: Federal Civil Procedure Before Trial, § 9:187 (TRG 2007.) In ruling on such motion, "[g]enerally a court may not consider material beyond the complaint." Intri-Plex Technologies, Inc. v. Crest Group, Inc., 499 F.3d 1048, 1052 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2007). "However, '[a] court may take judicial notice of 'matters of public record' without converting a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Unless otherwise stated, all cited rules refer to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Firmwide:85908044.1 047098.1008

notion to dismiss into a motion for summary judgment,' as long as the facts notices are not 'subject to reasonable dispute." *Id.*; See also *Mullis v. United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Nevada*, 828 F.2d 1385, 1388 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1987). Judicial admissions of fact are considered matters of which a court may take judicial notice and are binding on the parties and the court. *American Title Ins. Co. v Lacelaw Corp.*, 861 F.2d 224, 226 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1988).

A Rule 12(b)(6) motion to dismiss is appropriate where the plaintiff has stated a claim that omits one or more key elements of a cause of action. 9 Schwarzer, et. al., California Practice Guide, supra, § 9:179. ["A motion to dismiss is often very effective where plaintiff has stated the claim in vague, conclusory terms without setting forth one or more key elements."] Such motion is also proper where the plaintiff's action is time-barred. See Jablon v. Dean Witter & Co., 614 F.2d 677, 682 (9th Cir. 1980.)

To avoid dismissal under Rule 12(b)(6), a complaint must include "enough facts to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face." *Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly* 127 S.Ct. 1955, 1974 (2007). While a plaintiff is not required to plead "detailed factual allegations," a plaintiff nevertheless must plead sufficient facts "to provide the 'grounds' of his 'entitle[ment] to relief,' [which] requires more than labels and conclusions, and [for which] a formulaic recitation of the elements of a cause of action will not do." *Id.* at 1964-65. A complaint cannot simply "le[ave] open the possibility that a plaintiff might later establish some 'set of undisclosed facts' to support recovery." *Id.* at 1968. Rather, the facts set forth in the complaint must be sufficient to "nudge [] the [] claims across the line from conceivable to plausible." *Id.* at 1974. Because Plaintiff has failed to allege sufficient facts that provide "the 'grounds' of his 'entitle[ment] to relief' his claims must be dismissed.

#### IV. LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. PLAINTIFF'S FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE SECTION 17200, HIS THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE THE FLSA AND HIS FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE SECTION 558 FAIL TO STATE FACTS SHOWING A JUSTICIABLE CONSPIRACY

Conspiracy is not an independent cause of action "but a legal doctrine that imposes

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liability on persons who, although not actually committing a tort themselves, share with the immediate tortfeasor a common plan or design." *Applied Equip. Corp. v. Litton Saudi Arabia Ltd.*, 7 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 503-511 (1994). To state a claim for conspiracy, "the complaint must allege (1) the formation and operation of a conspiracy; (2) the wrongful act or acts done pursuant thereto; and (3) the damage resulting from such act or acts." *General American Life Ins. Co. v. Rana*, 769 F. Supp. 1121, 1125 (N.D. Cal. 1991). "To establish the 'wrongful act' element of a civil conspiracy, defendant must satisfy all of the elements of a cause of action for some other tort or wrong." *Id.* "[A] simple failure to comply with statutory overtime requirements...does not qualify" to support a claim for conspiracy. *Reynolds v. Bement*, 36 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 1075, 1090 (2005). Moreover, a conspiracy necessarily involves two or more people or entities. *Black v. Bank of America*, 30 Cal. App. 4<sup>th</sup> 1, 6 (1995). "Agents and employees of a corporation cannot conspire with their corporate principal or employer where they act in their official capacities on behalf of the corporation and not as individuals for their individual advantage." *Reynolds v. Bement*, 36 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 1075, 1090 (2005).

In this action, Plaintiff has failed to allege facts showing the formation and operation of a conspiracy. Moreover, Plaintiff's allegations against AC Square, Inc., Comcast, Inc., Mr. Afshin Ghaneh and/or Mr. Andrew Bahmanyar are legally insufficient to show one or more people acted together to conspire against him.

## 1. PLAINTIFF HAS FAILED TO ALLEGE FACTS SHOWING THE FORMATION AND/OR OPERATION OF ANY ALLEGED CONSPIRACY

Plaintiff's Complaint is devoid of any allegations showing the formation and operation of a conspiracy, any wrongful act or acts done in accordance with an alleged conspiracy, and fails to allege any legally compensable damage from any alleged conspiracy. Plaintiff's allegations that AC Square, Inc.'s failed to "pay class members the wages due to them as alleged herein which conduct was done in concert and pursuant to an agreement with Comcast, Afshin Ghaneh and Andrew Bahmanyar" is insufficient to sustain this claim. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F, ¶ 13, p. 22-24; ¶ 21, p. 8-11). Plaintiff has not alleged any facts showing the formation and operation of the alleged conspiracy, any improper act done pursuant to the conspiracy, and/or any damage properly redressable through this cause of action. At most Plaintiff has alleged he and other Firmwide:85908044.1 047098.1008

employees did not receive all compensation for all hours they worked. As stated above, an unsupported conclusion that AC Square, Inc. did not pay its employees for all hours they claim to have worked is not sufficient to support a conspiracy claim. *Reynolds v. Bement*, 36 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 1075, 1090 (2005). (stating, "[A] simple failure to comply with statutory overtime requirements...does not qualify" to support a claim for conspiracy). Thus, Plaintiff has failed to allege sufficient facts to sustain this claim.

## 2. PLAINTIFF HAS FAILED TO ALLEGE FACTS SHOWING ANY ALLEGED CONSPIRACY INVOLVED TWO OR MORE PEOPLE OR ENTITIES

Plaintiff has also failed to allege facts showing the predicate requirement that two or more people agreed to carry out any alleged conspiracy. Plaintiff's conspiracy allegations against Afshin Ghaneh and Andrew Bahmanyar are not sufficient to sustain this claim because, even if assumed true, Plaintiff's admits they were acting within their capacity as agents of AC Square, Inc. and therefore cannot constitute separate individuals for the purposes of a conspiracy cause of action pursuant to the agent immunity rule. In addition, Plaintiff has failed to allege Comcast, Inc. owed him, or any other class members, any obligation whatsoever and therefore cannot identify any duty Comcast, Inc. would have violated necessary to sustain this claim.

### a. PLAINTIFF HAS FAILED TO ALLEGE FACTS SHOWING MR. BAHMANYAR'S ALLEGED ACTS ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THE AGENT IMMUNITY RULE

Plaintiff claims that Mr. Bahmanyar's involvement in the alleged conspiracy is based on his alleged non-exclusive responsibility for AC Square, Inc.'s payroll and business practices. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F ¶ 5, p. 17-19; ¶ 13, p. 4:22-27; 5:1; ¶ 21, p. 6:8-11). The Complaint does not contain any allegations that Mr. Bahmanyar acted outside his official capacity in doing any alleged improper act. See *Black v. Bank of America*, 30 Cal. App. 4<sup>th</sup> 1, 4 (1994). At most, Plaintiff claims that Mr. Bahmanyar failed to pay Plaintiff all wages due owing in his capacity as AC Square, Inc.'s agent. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F ¶ 5, p. 2:17-19; ¶ 13, p. 4:22-27; 5:1; ¶ 21, p. 6:8-11).

Specifically, Plaintiff claims Mr. Bahmanyar was partially responsible for AC [Square, Inc.'s] payroll and business practices" and AC Square, Inc. "refusal to pay class members 9.

the wages due to them ... was done in concert and pursuant to an agreement with" the other 1 defendants. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F ¶ 5, p. 2:17-19; ¶ 13, p. 4:22-27; 5:1; ¶ 21, p. 6:8-2 11). As Mr. Bahmanyar could not possibly fail to pay Plaintiff or the other class members any 3 wages to which they were entitled but for Mr. Bahmanyar's alleged non-exclusive responsibility for 4 AC Square, Inc.'s payroll and business practices, he necessarily must have been acting in his 5 capacity as AC Square, Inc.'s agent in doing the alleged improper acts. Because "directors and 6 officers of a corporation do not incur personal liability for torts of the corporation merely by reason 7 of their official position" and corporate agents, such as Mr. Bahmanyar, are "not personally liable for 8 the corporate employer's failure to pay its employee's wages" Reynolds v. Bement, 36 Cal. 4th 1075, 9 1087, Plaintiff's second cause of action cannot be sustained against Mr. Bahmanyar as a matter of 10

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## b. PLAINTIFF HAS FAILED TO ALLEGE FACTS SHOWING MR. GHANEH'S ALLEGED ACTS ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THE AGENT IMMUNITY RULE

As with Mr. Bahmanyar, Plaintiff claims Mr. Ghaneh is partially responsible for AC Square, Inc.'s payroll and business practices (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F, ¶ 5, p. 2:16-17). Plaintiff also alleges that Mr. Ghaneh owns one hundred percent of AC Square, Inc. and has final say on any of its policies and practices. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F, ¶ 5, p. 2:16-17). However, these allegations are insufficient to show Mr. Ghaneh's alleged actions are not subject to the agent immunity rule.

The Third Complaint fails to allege any facts showing that Mr. Ghaneh acted in any fashion outside his role as a managerial employee, officer and/or director of AC Square, Inc. Moreover, as the alleged conspiracy claims Mr. Ghaneh acted with the other Defendants to not pay Plaintiff all wages owing, such acts could only be done by and through his agency with AC Square, Inc. Plaintiff has not alleged Mr. Ghaneh did any act unrelated to his position with AC Square, Inc. or violated any duty owed by Mr. Ghaneh to Plaintiff. Thus, even if Plaintiff is able to show Mr. Ghaneh had some involvement with AC Square, Inc.'s alleged failure to pay its employees overtime, Plaintiff cannot sustain his conspiracy causes of action against Mr. Ghaneh as a matter of law pursuant to the agent immunity rule. *Reynolds v. Bement*, 36 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 1075, 1087.

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### c. PLAINTIFF HAS FAILED TO ALLEGE FACTS SUFFICIENT TO SHOW COMCAST, INC. DID ANY ACT SUFFICIENT TO SUSTAIN HIS CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONSPIRACY

Plaintiff has failed to allege any duty owed by Comcast, Inc. to Plaintiff which, if breached, would support his conspiracy cause of action against Comcast, Inc. Absent such a duty, no conspiracy claim can be made. See *Litton v. Saudi Arabia Ltd.*, 7 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 503, 520 (1994) (stating, "the doctrine of conspiracy does not impose liability on persons who owe *no duty* to a plaintiff or who are otherwise immune from liability."). A conspiracy claim cannot be based on a contract cause of action. *Reynolds v. Bement*, 36 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 1075, 1090 (2005). Because a claim for overtime wages is a contract cause of action, it cannot support a conspiracy claim. See *Hays v. Bank of America*, 71 Cal. App. 2d 301, 305 (applying the FLSA and stating "federal cases have definitely determined that claims for such overtime wages ... are not ex delicto or founded on tort, but on the contrary that they sound in contract.").

The only causes of action in the Third Complaint are for an alleged failure to pay overtime compensation. As such, the Third Complaint contains only contract causes of action against the Defendants, including Comcast, Inc. and therefore cannot support a claim for conspiracy. Moreover, as Plaintiff has failed to allege any facts showing Comcast, Inc. owed any duty to Plaintiff whatsoever, Plaintiff cannot amend the Complaint to state any facts sufficient to sustain any claim against Comcast, Inc.

Plaintiff's failure to allege facts showing the predicate requirement that two or more persons conspired to violate any appropriate tort cause of action precludes him from maintaining his first, third and fifth causes of action as a matter of law and they must be dismissed.

## B. PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT FAILS TO STATE FACTS SUFFICIENT TO SUSTAIN HIS SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATION OF THE FLSA

### 1. PLAINTIFF CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATION OF THE FLSA IS BARRED BY THE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS

The statute of limitations for an alleged violation of the FLSA is two years. See 29 U.S.C. § 255(a). The FLSA's statute of limitations period is extended to three years only if the employer's violation is willful. Id. "The limitations period for an action under the FLSA begins to

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run at the time the employer breaches his duties under the Act..." Huss v. City of Huntington Beach, 317 F. Supp. 2d 1151, 1161 (C.D. Cal. 2000) (citing Unexcelled Chem. Corp. v. United States, 73 S.Ct. 580, 584 (1953)). "It is well settled that 'A separate cause of action for overtime compensation accrues at each regular payday immediately following the work period during which the services were rendered and for which overtime compensation is claimed." Mitchell v. Lancaster Milk Co., 185 F. Supp 66, 70 (D.C. PA 1960).

Based on the clear and unambiguous limitations period for a plaintiff to bring a FLSA

Based on the clear and unambiguous limitations period for a plaintiff to bring a FLSA claim, Plaintiff cannot sustain his second cause of action against AC Square, Inc. as any potential FLSA claim is barred by the statute of limitations. Plaintiff admitted he worked for AC Square, Inc. from "about January 30, 2005" to "about May 2, 2005." (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. A, ¶ 5, p. 2:9; ¶ 13, p. 3:11). This allegation in his Original Complaint constitutes a judicial admission of which this Court may take judicial notice and which is binding on Plaintiff. *American Title Ins. Co.* v. Lacelaw Corp., 861 F.2d 224, 226 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1988) (stating "under federal law, stipulations and admissions in the pleadings are generally binding on the parties and the Court."). As pertinent to this motion, the American Title Ins. Co. Court stated:

"[U]nder federal law, stipulations and admissions in the pleading are generally binding on the parties and the Court. Not only are such admissions and stipulations binding before the trial court, but they are binding on appeal as well." (citations omitted). "Judicial admissions are formal admissions in the pleadings which have the effect of withdrawing a fact from issue and dispensing wholly with the need for proof of the fact." (citation omitted). Factual assertions in the pleadings...,unless amended, are considered judicial admissions conclusively binding on the party who made them....A statement in a complaint, answer or pretrial order is a judicial admission, as is a failure in an answer to deny an allegation. *Id*.

Plaintiff's admission in his Original Complaint that he last worked for AC Square, Inc. on May 2, 2005 is an unequivocal statement of fact that has never been amended, withdrawn or otherwise modified. As this admission was made by Plaintiff, it establishes the last date Plaintiff worked for AC Square, Inc. for the purposes of this motion and the date Plaintiff's causes of action, including his cause of action for the alleged violation of the FLSA, began to run.

Plaintiff's FLSA claims began to run when AC Square, Inc. allegedly breached its "duties under the [FLSA]..." Huss v. City of Huntington Beach, 317 F. Supp. 2d 1151, 1161 (C.D.

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Cal. 2000). Thus, it does not matter whether Plaintiff claims AC Square, Inc. negligently or intentionally violated the Act because Plaintiff did not file his Third Complaint, until June 10, 2008, more than thirteen months after the statute of limitations ran on a non-willful violation and more than a month after the statute ran on an alleged willful violation. Thus, Plaintiff's second cause of action for violation of the FLSA must be dismissed.

### 2. PLAINTIFF HAS FAILED TO ALLEGE FACTS SHOWING MR. BAHMANYAR VIOLATED THE FLSA

Even if Plaintiff's FLSA cause of action is not barred by the statute of limitations, Plaintiff has failed to allege sufficient facts to sustain this claim. At most, Plaintiff has alleged AC Square, Inc. "failed to pay each class member wages during all hours that they worked" and he and/or other employees were "not paid for overtime when he worked more than an 8 hour day...more than a forty hour week...the seventh day in a row...[or] over eight hours on the seventh day." (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F ¶ 9, p. 3:17-19).

Assuming Plaintiff's allegations refer to 29 U.S.C. sections 206 and/or 207, these conclusiory allegations are insufficient to state a cause of action for a violation of the FLSA. .

### a. PLAINTIFF HAS FAILED TO ALLEGE FACTS SHOWING MR. BAHMANYAR VIOLATED 29 U.S.C. SECTION 206

29 U.S.C. Section 206 states, in pertinent part, "Every employer shall pay to each of his employees who in any workweek is engaged in commerce or in the production of good for commerce, or is employed in an enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce, wages at the following rates...". 29 U.S.C. § 206(a). "[T]o establish a violation of the minimum wage requirements of the FLSA, a plaintiff... must demonstrate that he[/she] was engaged in compensable activity within the meaning of the statute and that the wages received for that activity, if any, were below the statutory minimum wage." Hensley v. MacMillan Bloedel Containers, Inc., 786 F.2d 353, 355 (8th Cir. 1986). There is no violation of the FLSA's minimum-wage provisions "so long as the total weekly wage paid by an employer meets the minimum weekly requirements of the statute, such minimum weekly requirement being equal to the number of hours actually worked that week multiplied by the minimum hourly statutory requirement." Id. at 357.

Plaintiff's conclusion that Mr. Bahmanyar, by and through his agency with AC Firmwide:85908044.1 047098.1008 13.

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Square, Inc. "fail[ed] to pay overtime to class members even though it is clear that class members are entitled to overtime for each workweek that they work over 40 hours in a week." is insufficient to sustain this claim. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F ¶ 17, p. 5:18-20). Plaintiff has failed to allege any activity that he or the putative class members were engaged in that would be compensable for the purposes of the FLSA, what hours he or the putative class members allegedly worked, the amount of compensation they actually received, or any other facts that would permit an inference that he or the putative class members were actually paid less than the minimum wage as required by the FLSA. Plaintiff's conclusion that he and the other putative class members were not paid for all hours worked without pleading any factual support is not sufficient to support a cause of action for violation of 29 U.S.C Section 206. Thus, Plaintiff's second cause of action for violation of the FLSA must be dismissed.

#### 3. PLAINTIFF HAS NOT ALLEGED FACTS SHOWING MR. BAHMANYAR VIOLATED 29 U.S.C. SECTION 207

29 U.S.C. section 207 states, in pertinent part, that "no employer shall employ any of his employees ... for a workweek longer than forty hours unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in excess of the hours above specified at a rate not less than one and one-half the regular rate at which he is employed." 29 U.S.C. § 207(a)(1). As stated above, Plaintiff fails to allege that he or any other putative class member worked forty or more hours at any given time. At most, Plaintiff alleges he and the putative class members "were not paid overtime" without alleging any entitlement to overtime compensation. (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. F, ¶ 5, p. 2:20). This conclusory pleading is insufficient according to Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly 127 S.Ct. 1955 (2007) as it is nothing more than "labels and conclusions" rather than allegations of fact providing "the 'grounds' of his 'entitle[ment] to relief." Id. at 1964-65, 1974. Thus, Plaintiff cannot sustain his second cause of action for an alleged violation of the FLSA against Mr. Bahmanyar as a matter of law.

#### PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT FAILS TO STATE FACTS SUFFICIENT TO C. SUSTAIN HIS THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE THE FLSA

Plaintiff's third cause of action for "Conspiracy to Violate the Fair Labor Standards

Act" is also time barred because the statute of limitations is either two or three years. *Maheu v. CBS*, *Inc.*, 201 Cal. App. 3<sup>rd</sup> 662, 673 (1988) (stating, "In an action based on civil conspiracy, the applicable statute of limitations is determined by the nature of the action in which the conspiracy is alleged."). Thus, Plaintiff's third cause of action is barred by the statute of limitations prescribed by the FLSA for the same reasons Plaintiff's FLSA cause of action is barred. *See supra* Part IV.B.1.

# D. PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT FAILS TO STATE FACTS SUFFICIENT TO SUSTAIN HIS FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE 203

While not specifically alleged in the Third Complaint, Plaintiff's fourth cause of action for failure to pay wages at termination of employment appears to be based on California Labor Code section 203. This statute states, in pertinent part:

If an employer willfully fails to pay, without abatement or reduction, in accordance with Sections 201, 201.5, 202, and 205.5, any wages of an employee who is discharged or who quits, the wages of the employee shall continue as a penalty from the due date thereof at the same rate until paid or until an action therefor is commenced; but the wages shall not continue for more than 30 days....

Suit may be filed for these penalties at any time before the expiration of the statute of limitations on an action for the wages from which the penalties arise.

Cal. Lab. Code § 203 (West 2008).

### 1. Plaintiff's Fourth Cause of Action for Violation of California Labor Code section 203 is Barred by the Statute of Limitations

Any claim Plaintiff may have had for penalties under California Labor Code section 203 is also barred by the statute of limitations. Plaintiff admitted he last worked for AC Square, Inc. on "about May 2, 2005." (Request for Judicial Notice, Exh. A, ¶ 13, p. 3:11). Thus, any claim for penalties under section 203 must have been filed by no later than May 2, 2008. As Plaintiff did not file his complaint until June 10, 2008, he cannot sustain his cause of action for penalties under section 203 as a matter of law.

Plaintiff may argue that he is entitled to apply the four year statute of limitations from his cause of action for conspiracy to violate California Business and Professions Code section 17200 to his claim for penalties under California Labor Code section 203. See Cal. Bus. Prof. Code § 17208 (West 2008). However, such an argument is without merit. First, as shown above, Plaintiff cannot Firmwide:85908044.1 047098.1008

sustain his first cause of action against AC Square, Inc. as a matter of law. Second, Remedies for alleged violations of California Business and Professions Code section 17200 et seq. are specifically limited to restitutionary and injunctive relief. *Korea Supply Co. v. Lockheed Martin Corp.*, 29 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 1134, 1144 (2003). Plaintiff cannot recover damages, such as penalties provided by California Labor Code section 203 under a cause of action for violation of California Business and Professions Code section 17200 et seq. *Cortez v. Purolator Air Filtration Products*, 23 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 163, 173 (2000).

The remedy provided by California Labor Code section 203 expressly states that it is a penalty and not restitutionary in nature or effect. This plain meaning has been confirmed by courts that have considered the issue. *Murphy v. Kenneth Cole Production, Inc.*, 40 Cal. 4<sup>th</sup> 1094, 1108 (2007) (stating the remedy provided by California Labor Code section 203 is a penalty); *Caliber Bodyworks, Inc. v. Superior Court*, 134 Cal. App. 4<sup>th</sup> 365, 380 (2005) (referring to the "statutory penalty provided by [California Labor Code] section 203."); *Mamika v. Barca*, 68 Cal. App. 4<sup>th</sup> 487, 491 (1988) (stating "[California Labor Code] Section 203 mandates an additional penalty if an employer willfully fails to comply with section 202. In such a case, "... the wages of the employee shall continue as a penalty from the due date thereof at the same rate until paid or until an action therefor is commenced; but the wages shall not continue for more than 30 days.").

Applying the above, the Federal Courts consistently hold a plaintiff is not permitted to seek penalties under California Labor Code section 203 through a cause of action for an alleged violation of California Business and Professions Code section 17200 et seq. *Montecino v. Spherion Corp.*, 427 F. Supp 2d 965, 967 (C.D. Cal. 2006) (holding a claim for penalties under California Labor Code section 203 is not recoverable in a cause of action for a violation of California Business and Professions Code section 17200 and stating "The Court finds that § 203 payments are clearly a penalty, and thus cannot be claimed pursuant to the UCL"); *Tomlinson v. Indymac Bank, F.S.B.* 359 F. Supp. 2d 891, 895 (C.D. Cal. 2005) (stating "The Court agrees with [defendant] that the remedy contained in Section 203 is a penalty.... This type of payment clearly is not restitutionary, and thus cannot be recovered under the UCL."). Because the remedy under California Labor Code section 203 is a penalty and not restitutionary, it is governed by the three year statute of limitations in California Code of Civil Procedure section 338(a) and not the four year statute of limitations in Firmwide: 85908044.1 047098.1008

California Business and Professions Code section 17208.

Therefore, Plaintiff cannot sustain his fourth cause of action for violation of California Labor Code section 203 as his Complaint was filed more than three years after the AC Square, Inc.'s alleged improper acts and is time barred.

### E. PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT FAILS TO STATE FACTS SUFFICIENT TO SUSTAIN HIS FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE 558

California Labor Code section 558 states, in pertinent part:

(a) Any employer or other person acting on behalf of an employer who violates, or causes to be violated, a section of this chapter or any provision regulating hours and days of work in any order of the Industrial Welfare Commission shall be subject to a civil penalty as follows....

Cal. Labor Code § 558 (West 2008).

### 1. Plaintiff's Fifth Cause of Action for Conspiracy to Violate California Labor Code section 558 is Barred by the Statute of Limitations

California Code of Civil Procedure section 340(a) prescribes a one-year statute of limitations on actions by an individual to recover a statutory penalty, such as that provided for by California Labor Code section 558. See Cal. Code Civ. Proc. § 340(a) (West 2008) (stating, "Within one year: (a) An action upon a statute for a penalty or forfeiture, if the action is given to an individual, or to an individual and the state, except if the statute imposing it prescribes a different limitation.").

Because California Labor Code section 558 provides for a civil penalty in the event an employer or other person acting on behalf of an employer violates a section of the chapter, any claim for penalties must be brought within one year of the alleged violation. As Plaintiff last worked for AC Square, Inc. more than one year prior to the filing of the Third Complaint, his fifth cause of action cannot be sustained as a matter of law.

#### V. CONCLUSION

For the above stated reasons, AC Square, Inc. respectfully requests this Court grant the this Motion and enter an order as follows:

1. Plaintiff's first cause of action for "Conspiracy to Violate Business and Professions Code § 17200" is dismissed as it fails to state facts sufficient to constitute Firmwide:85908044.1 047098.1008 17.

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a cause of action against Andrew Bahmanyar;

- 2. Plaintiff's second cause of action for "Violation of Fair Labor Standard Act" is dismissed as it fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against defendant Andrew Bahmanyar;
- 3. Plaintiff's third cause of action for "Conspiracy to Violate the Fair Labor Standard Act" is dismissed as it fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against defendant Andrew Bahmanyar;
- 4. Plaintiff's fourth cause of action for "Failure to Pay Monies Due at Termination of Employment" is dismissed as it fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against defendant Andrew Bahmanyar;
- 5. Plaintiff's fifth cause of action for "Conspiracy to Violate [California] Labor Code Section 558" is dismissed as it fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against defendant Andrew Bahmanyar;

Dated: \_\_\_\_\_, 2008

RONALD A. PETERS
BENJAMIN EMMERT
LITTLER MENDELSON
A Professional Corporation
Attorneys for Defendants
AC SQUARE INC., AFSHIN GHANEH,
AND ANDREW BAHMANYAR

Document 18-3

Filed 07/18/2008

Page 25 of 26

Case 3:08-cv-03035-MHP

1	Bahmanyar; Plaintiff's second cause of action for "Violation of Fair Labor Standard Act" is						
2	dismissed as it fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against defendant Andrew						
3	Bahmanyar; Plaintiff's third cause of action for "Conspiracy to Violate the Fair Labor Standard Act"						
4	is dismissed as it fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against defendant						
5	Andrew Bahmanyar; Plaintiff's fourth cause of action for "Failure to Pay Monies Due at						
6	Termination of Employment" is dismissed as it fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of						
7	action against defendant Andrew Bahmanyar; Plaintiff's fifth cause of action for "Conspiracy to						
8	Violate [California] Labor Code Section 558" is dismissed as it fails to state facts sufficient to						
9	constitute a cause of action against defendant Andrew Bahmanyar.						
10	Dated:						
11	Honorable Magistrate Judge Elizabeth D. Laporte						
12	W						
13	Firmwide: 85789936.1 047098.1008						
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28	2.						

LITTLER MENDELSON A Professional Corporation 50 West San Fernando Street 15th Floor San Jose, CA 95113 2303 408 996 4150 Document 18-4

Filed 07/18/2008

Page 2 of 4

Case 3:08-cv-03035-MHP

Case Number CIV 456118, on July 07, 2006. A true and correct copy of this document is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

# **REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE NO. 2:**

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Defendant requests this Court take judicial notice of Request for Dismissal of the first, second, third and fifth causes of action from Plaintiff's Complaint for Damages and Demand for Jury Trial filed in the Superior Court in and for the County of San Mateo, Case Number CIV 456118, on June 25, 2007. A true and correct copy of this document is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

### **REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE NO. 3:**

Defendant requests this Court take judicial notice of the Order Granting Defendant AC Square's Motion for Summary Adjudication to Plaintiff's Fourth Cause of Action for Wrongful Termination in Violation of Public Policy in Plaintiff's Complaint for Damages and Demand for Jury Trial filed in the Superior Court in and for the County of San Mateo, Case Number CIV 456118 entered on June 28, 2007. A true and correct copy of this document is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

### **REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE NO. 4:**

Defendant requests this Court take judicial notice of the Judgment on Plaintiff's Complaint for Damages and Demand for Jury Trial filed in the Superior Court in and for the County of San Mateo, Case Number CIV 456118, on April 25, 2008. A true and correct copy of this document is attached hereto as Exhibit D.

### **REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE NO. 5:**

Defendant requests that the Court take judicial notice of Plaintiff's Complaint for Restitution, Damages and Injunctive Relief filed in the Superior Court in and for the County of San Mateo, Case Number CIV 464144 on June 29, 2007. A true and correct copy of this document is attached hereto as Exhibit E.

#### REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE NO. 6:

Defendant requests that the Court take judicial notice of Plaintiff's Complaint for Restitution, Damages and Injunctive Relief filed in the Superior Court in and for the County of San Mateo, Case Number CIV 473571 on June 10, 2008. A true and correct copy of this document is attached hereto as which is attached hereto as Exhibit F.

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## **REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE NO. 7:**

Defendant requests that the Court take judicial notice of the Order Consolidating Related Actions, San Mateo Superior Court Case Numbers CIV 464144 and CIV 473571, entered in the Superior Court in and for the County of San Mateo and filed on June 19, 2008. A true and correct copy of this document is attached hereto as Exhibit G.

### **REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE NO. 8:**

Defendant requests that the Court take judicial notice of the Notice of Filing Removal, filed by Defendant AC Square, Inc. on June 20, 2008. A true and correct copy of this document is attached hereto as Exhibit H.

### **REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE NO. 9:**

Defendant requests that the Court take judicial notice of Plaintiff's Complaint for Damages for Violation of Fair Labor Standards Act, Case Number CV 08- 2907- MHP, filed with this Court on June 11, 2008. A true and correct copy of this document is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit I</u>.

### **REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE NO. 10:**

Defendant requests that the Court take judicial notice of Plaintiff's Administrative Motion to Consider Whether Cases Should Be Related, CIV-08-303-EDL, filed on June 27, 2008. A true and correct copy of this document is attached hereto as Exhibit J.

Datad:	2008

RONALD A. PETERS
BENJAMIN EMMERT
LITTLER MENDELSON
A Professional Corporation
Attorneys for Defendant
AC SQUARE, INC., AFSHIN GHANEH
AND ANDREW BAHMANYAR

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50 West San Fernando Sireet
15th Floor
Sen Jose, CA 95113 2303
408 998 4150

FIRMWIDE:85908307.1 047098.1008

	Case 3:08-cv-03085-MHP	Document 18-5	Filed 07/18/2008	Page 2 of 8			
1	BRUCE R. BERNSTEIN (S LAW OFFICES OF BRUCE 2670 Leavenworth Street	B# 104230) ER. BERNSTEIN	•				
2	San Francisco, CA 94133 Tel: (415) 474-1805			ENDORSED FILED SAN MATEO COUNTY			
3	, , , , , , ,			JUL 0 7 2006			
4 5	Attorneys for Plaintiff DANIEL JOSEPH KEATIN	G-TRAYNOR	C Ry	lerk of the Superior Court Hordan Maxwell BEPUTY GLERK			
6				DEPUTY GLERK			
7	5	SUPERIOR COURT	OF CALIFORNIA				
8		COUNTY OF	SAN MATEO				
9	DANIEL JOSEPH KEATING	G-TRAYNOR,	Case No.:	One's			
10	Plaintiff,		COMPLAINT FO	CW 456118 OR DAMAGES AND			
11	v.		DEMAND FOR J	URY TRIAL			
12	AC SQUARE, INC., a Califor corporation, Does 1-20,	rnia -					
13	Defendants,						
14				•			
15		PART	TFS				
16	1. Plaintiff is informed as		<del></del>	, INC. is and at all times			
17	mentioned in this Complaint wa						
18	in Burlingame, San Mateo Cou						
19	2. Plaintiff is ignorant of t	he true names and ca	apacities of Defendant	s Does 1 through 20, and			
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21	therefore sues these Defendants in such fictitious names. Plaintiff will pray leave of this Court to amend this complaint to allege the true identities when ascertained.						
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23				endants herein was at all			
24	relevant times the agent, empl						
25	remaining defendants and acting						
26	informed and believes that each			o, ratified, and otherwise			
27	authorized the acts alleged here	ein to each of the ren	naining Defendants.				
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	COMPLAI	NT FOR DAMAGES AND	DEMAND FOR JURY TRI	Δ1			

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# STATEMENT OF FACTS

- Plaintiff DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR, a resident of San Francisco County, began working on or around December 1, 2004 for Defendants pursuant to an oral agreement as a trainee installation technician providing cable television and computer services to Comcast consumers throughout the Bay Area, including San Francisco, San Mateo and Santa Clara Counties. Plaintiff was not paid by AC SQUARE, INC. for two months while in this training period.
- Subsequent to his successful completion of the training program and having undertaken and 5. passed an employment skills test, Plaintiff was hired as a permanent full-time employee of AC SQUARE, INC. pursuant to a written employment contract on or around January 30, 2005. Plaintiff was paid on a "piece work" basis, with varying rates for installations, disconnects, upgrades, and other similar services.
- However, Plaintiff was not paid at a time and one-half rate for work in excess of 8 hours per day. Plaintiff was also not paid for his travel time from one locale to another, including when he was required to commute beyond 8 hours per day.
- Plaintiff was required to use his own vehicle and other personal items of his, including tools, 7. a safety belt, and non-conducive ladder (for climbing utility poles) in order to perform the essential duties of Defendant's business.
- Plaintiff was not reimbursed for gas, cellphone bills, parking tickets, or vehicle maintenance 8. and damage (such as when a golf ball broke his truck's windshield).
- Additionally, Defendant AC SQUARE, INC. improperly deducted the cost of tools and other 9. items from Plaintiff's wages, including an industry-specific cable crimping tool and a Nextel radio.
- Defendant AC SQUARE, INC. also deducted from Plaintiff's wages costs it alleged to have 10. incurred as a result of lost equipment, including modems and cable television boxes (for as much as \$360.00 per item), including for such equipment that was negligently and unintentionally mislaid while at a consumer's residence and also for equipment which had in fact been returned to the Inventory Clerk.

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Defendant AC SQUARE, INC. also charged back to Plaintiff's wages for jobs that were 11. alleged by the Comcast's Quality Controllers to have not been completed or alleged to have been inadequately performed, such as disconnects that may have been reconnected by the consumer. In all cases, the chargebacks were in the sum of \$50.00, a sum far larger than that payable by Defendant to Plaintiff. (For instance, a disconnect for example was paid at a \$5.00 piece rate.)

- Plaintiff KEATING-TRAYNOR complained about these deductions and chargebacks to his 12. wages and was retaliated against by being given the less remunerative piece work orders, such as disconnects, resulting in even lower income to him. For example, Plaintiff complained on or about April 30, 2005 regarding a deduction of \$360.00 from his wages payable for the period of April 10-23, 2005.
- 13. On or about May 2, 2005, Defendant again retaliated against Plaintiff DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR by terminating him. Plaintiff at that time had accrued wages. Said wages have not been forthcoming despite demand therefor, and no accounting has been given.

# FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION [Non-Payment of Wages]

- Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-13 above, as though fully set forth herein. 14.
- Pursuant to Labor Code § 201, at the time Defendant terminated Plaintiff's employment 15. Defendant was obligated to pay Plaintiff wages earned and unpaid. In violation of Labor Code § 201 and despite demand, Defendant failed and continues to refuse to pay Plaintiff. Because Plaintiff was employed on a piece work basis and Defendant has failed and refused to provide the accounting required by law for his last two days of work, Plaintiff is only able to estimate the sum he is owed. Plaintiff estimates this to be \$400.00.
- In addition, Defendant violated Labor Code minimum wage statutes when it failed to pay him 16. during his training period (between December 1, 2004 and January 30, 2005). Plaintiff estimates this to be approximately 80 hours during the month of December 2004 and January 2005.
- Plus, Defendant improperly charged back expenses from Plaintiff's wages and owes those now 17.

as wages violating Labor Code § 222.

- 18. Pursuant to Labor Code § 218.5, Plaintiff requests that the Court award Plaintiff reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred in this action.
- 19. Pursuant to Labor Code § 218.6, Plaintiff requests that the Court award Plaintiff interest on all due and unpaid wages, at the legal rate specified by Civil Code § 3289(b), accruing from the date the wages were due and payable.
- 20. The Defendant's failure to pay wages was willful in that Defendant knew that Plaintiff was owed wages, thus entitling Plaintiff to penalties under Labor Code §§ 203, which provides that an employee's wages shall continue as a penalty until paid or for a period of up to 30 days from the time they were due, whichever period is shorter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as hereinafter described.

# **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**[Failure to Pay Overtime Wages]

- 21. Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-20 above, as though fully set forth herein.
- During the period of from January 30, 2005 through May 2, 2005, Plaintiff never was paid any wages for the time he worked in excess of eight hours.
- 23. Labor Code § 1198 provides that it is unlawful to employ persons for longer than the hours set by the Industrial Welfare Commission or under conditions prohibited by the applicable wage order.
- At all times relevant herein, Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order No. 9-2001 (8 Cal. Code Reg. § 11090) and Labor Code § 510(a) applied to Plaintiff's employment by Defendant and provide for employees employed for more than 8 hours a day or 40 hours in one week are supposed to be paid at the rate of time and one-half for hours in excess of 40 in one week.
- 25. Under the provisions of the Wage Order referred to in Paragraph 24, Plaintiff estimates that he should have received time and one-half for piece work in excess of 8 hours per day on as many as two days per week for the period between January 30, 2005 and May 2, 2005. Plaintiff is informed

and believes Defendant owes him a sum in an amount of at least \$200.00, representing the difference between the amount of wages owed pursuant to the Wage Order and the amount actually paid to Plaintiff. Defendants have failed and refused and continues to fail and refuse to pay Plaintiff the amount owed.

- Defendant's failure to pay Plaintiff for overtime rates on piece work jobs, as required by the applicable Wage Order, violates the provision of Labor Code § 1198 and is therefore unlawful.
- 27. Pursuant to Labor Code § 1194(a), Plaintiff requests that the court award Plaintiff reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred by him in this action.
- 28. Pursuant to Labor Code § 558(a)(1), Plaintiff requests a civil penalty of \$50 for the seven pay periods Plaintiff was underpaid for a total of \$350.00.
- 29. The Defendant's failure to pay wages was willful in that Defendant knew the Plaintiff was owed wages, thus entitling Plaintiff to penalties under Labor Code § 203, which provides that an employee's wages shall continue as a penalty until paid or for a period of up to 30 days from the time they were due, whichever period is shorter.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as hereinafter described.

# THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION [Violations of Labor Code § 2802]

- 30. Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-29 above, as though fully set forth herein.
- While employed in the customary business of Defendants AC SQUARE, INC. and in the direct consequence of the discharge of his duties, Plaintiff was required to expend his own monies and in addition suffered losses to his own property for which Defendants must indemnify Plaintiff, including but not limited to the purchase of a vehicle, vehicle maintenance, gas, tools, and equipment, including safety belt and non-conducive ladder in a sum greater than \$3,618.23, to be proven at Trial, all necessarily for conducting Defendant's business of cable television/computer installation. Defendant has failed and refused to reimburse Plaintiff for such expenses, despite demand.
- 32. Pursuant to Labor Code § 2802, Plaintiff is entitled to indemnification for his necessarily incurred expenses, plus interest from the date on which the expense was occurred, plus reasonable

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# [Failure to Provide Personnel File, Copies and an Itemized Statement]

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Plaintiff incorporates by reference paragraphs 1-38 above, as though fully set forth herein. 39.

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On October 25, 2005, Plaintiff requested to see his employment file and get copies, pursuant 40. to Labor Code §§ 226(b), 432 and 1198.5.

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COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Document 18-5

Filed 07/18/2008

Page 8 of 8

ase 3:08-cv-030**3**5-MHP

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name and Address):	TELEP		IV-1
TOSEPH KEATING-TRAYNOD	TELEPHONE NO.: 415-566-4239	FOR COURT USE ONLY	1 V - 1
2039 40th Avenue	713-300-4239		
San Francisco, CA 94116		1	
\			
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): in propria persona			
Insert name of court and name of judicial district and branch court, it any:			
SAN MATEO SUPERIOR COURT			
PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: DANIEL JOSEPH KEATING			
DESERTING THE SOSEFIE REALING	G-TRAYNOR		
DEFENDANT/ RESPONDENT: AC SQUARE, INC.			
Personal Injury Present FOR DISMISSAL			
Motor Wald Indian Damage, or Wrongful Dea	ith	CASE NUMBER:	
Family Law Other		CIV 456118	
Eminent Domain		CIV 450118	
Other (specify): Wage & Hour Violations and	Wrongful Town	}	
- A conformed copy will not be returned by the clerk u	wrongiui ierm.		
TO THE CLERK: Please dismiss this action as follows:	illess a method of return	is provided with the document, -	
a. (1) With prejudice (2) Without prejudice			
b. (1) Complaint (2) Petition			
(3) Cross-complaint filed by (name):			
(4) Cross-complaint filed by (name):		on (date):	
(5) Entire action of all parties and all courses of all	_	on (date):	
(6) Other (specify):* all causes of action except	t the fourth		
te: June 21, 2007	tile tourin cause of ac	tion on which judgment pending	
21, 2007	J J W		
DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR	XIA II II	11/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1/1	
PE OR PRINT NAME OF ATTORNEY PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY)	- Harry	ung my	
dismissal requested is of specified parties only of specified causes of only, or of specified cross-complaints only, so state and identify parties, causes of action, or cross-complaints to be dismissed.	Attorney or party without	(SIGNATURE)	
parties, causes of action, or cross-complaints to be dismissed.	Plaintiff/Petitioner	F	
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Dismissal entered on (date):	as to only (name):		
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b. Attorney or party without attorney not notified. Filing party a copy to conformedmeans to return confo	arty failed to provide		
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Clerk, b	)y	, Deputy	
opted for Mandatory use		Page 1 of 1	

Form Adopted for Mandatory use Judicial Council of California CIV-110 [Rev. January 1, 2007]

REQUEST FOR DISMISSAL

Page 1 of 1

Code of Civil Procedure, § 581 et seq.:
Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.1390
www.courtinfo.ca.gov

DANIEL JOSEPH KEATING-TRAYNOR 2039 46th Avenue		POS-
12037 Tulii Avenije	566-4239	FOR COURT USE ONLY
San Francisco, CA 94116		
TELEPHONE NO.: 415-566-4239		
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional):	<b>)</b> :	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): in propria persona		
SOPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF CALL	FO	
MAILING ADDRESS:		
CITY AND ZIP CODE: REDWOOD CITY, CA 94063  BRANCH NAME:		
PETITIONER/PLAINTIFF: DANIEL JOSEPH KEATING-T	RAYNOR	
RESPONDENT/DEFENDANT: AC SQUARE		
PROOF OF SERVICE BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL	CASE	NUMBER:
		CIV 456110
(Do not use this Proof of Service to show sen  1. I am over 18 years of age and not a party to this action. I am a re		
<ol> <li>I am over 18 years of age and not a party to this action. I am a re- took place.</li> </ol>	nce of a Summons and Co	omplaint,)
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I mailed from (city and state): San F the following documents (specify):  REQUEST FOR DISMISSAL WITHOUT PREJUDICE CAUSE OF ACTION FOR WRONGFUL TERMINAT!  The documents are listed in the Attachment to Proof of Service (form POS-030(D)).  I served the documents by enclosing them in an envelope and (check depositing the sealed envelope with the United States Pose placing the envelope for collection and mailing following our business's practice for collecting and processing corresponding placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinate a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid.  The envelope was addressed and mailed as follows:  a. Name of person served: Ronald A. Peters  b. Address of person served:  Littler Mendelson, 50 West Son Fermand Contents  Littler Mendelson, 50 West Son Fermand Contents  Littler Mendelson, 50 West Son Fermand Contents  REQUEST FOR Son Fermand Contents  I mailed from (city and state): San Fermand Contents  Requested:  Address of person served:  Littler Mendelson, 50 West Son Fermand Contents  Address of Person Son West Son Fermand Contents  Littler Mendelson, 50 West Son Fermand Contents  Littler Mendelson Son West Son Fermand Contents  Requested:  Littler Mendelson Son West Son Fermand Contents  Requested:  Littler Mendelson Son West Son Fermand Contents  Littler Mendelson Son West Son Fermand Contents  Littler Mendelson Son West Son Fermand Contents  Littler Mendelson Son Son West Son Fermand Contents  Littler Mendelson Son Son West Son Fermand Contents  Littler Mendelso	AS TO ALL CAUSES ON, as well as faxed to by First-Class Mail—Civil (cone): all Service with the postage ordinary business practices ence for mailing. On the sarry course of business with the postage of the sarry course of business with the postage of the sarry course of the sarry cours	0 408-288-5686 (Documents Served)  fully prepaid. s. I am readily familiar with this me day that correspondence is he United States Postal Service in
The documents are listed in the Attachment to Proof of Service (form POS-030(D)).  I served the documents by enclosing them in an envelope and (check a. depositing the sealed envelope with the United States Pos placing the envelope for collection and mailing following ou business's practice for collecting and processing correspond placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordina a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid.  The envelope was addressed and mailed as follows:  a. Name of person served: Ronald A. Peters  b. Address of person served:  Littler Mendelson, 50 West San Fernando Street, 14th in the Interest of Inte	AS TO ALL CAUSES ON, as well as faxed to by First-Class Mail—Civil (cone): all Service with the postage ordinary business practices ence for mailing. On the sarry course of business with the footnotes of business with	D 408-288-5686 (Documents Served)  fully prepaid.  s. I am readily familiar with this me day that correspondence is he United States Postal Service in
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PROOF OF SERVICE BY FIRST-CLASS MAIL—CIVIL (Proof of Service)

Code of Civil Procedure, §§ 1013, 1013a www.courtinfo.ca.gov

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10:55am

From-LITTLER ""MDELSON

408 820 8763

T-687 P.002/003 F-

RONALD A. PETERS, Bar No. 169895
LITTLER MENDELSON
A Professional Corporation
50 West San Fernando Street, 14th Floor
San Jose, CA 95113.2413
Telephone: 408.998.4150
Facsimile: 408.288.5686

rpeters@littler.com

Attorneys for Defendants AC SQUARE, INC.

FILED SAN MATEO COUNTY

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SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF SAN MATEO

DANIEL JOSEPH KEATING-TRAYNOR,

Plaintiff,

AC SQUARE, INC., A California Corporation, and DOES 1 through 20, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. CIV 456118

PROPOSEDI ORDER GRANTING THE MOTION OF DEFENDANT AC SQUARE INC.'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY ADJUDICATION TO PLAINTIFF'S FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION FOR WRONGFUL TERMINATION IN VIOLATION OF PUBLIC POLICY

Date: Time: Dept.:

June 8, 2007 9:00 A.M. -

Dept.: 2F/26 -Trial Date: June 25, 2007

The Motion for Summary Adjudication of AC Square, Inc. ("Defendant') came on regularly for hearing before this Court in Department 2F, the Honorable George A. Miram presiding, on June-8, 2007. Defendant was represented by Ronald A. Peters, Esq.; Plaintiff Daniel Joseph Keating-Traynor, ("Plaintiff") was representing himself in pro per. Plaintiff, while having requested oral-argument, did not appear at the hearing. At the hearing, the Court passed on the matter until the end-of the Court's calendar to permit Plaintiff additional time to appear and present oral argument, but Plaintiff still did not appear, and the tentative ruling was therefore adopted.

After a full consideration of the evidence, a separate statement of each party, the authorities submitted by counsel and Plaintiff, and after opportunity for oral argument was given, the Court finds that there is no triable issue of material fact in connection with Plaintiff's Fourth Cause of



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10:56am From-LITTLER - "NDELSON

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Action for Termination in Violation of Public Policy and that Defendant is therefore entitled to summary adjudication as a matter of law under Code of Civil Procedure section 437c. The reasons for this determination are as follows:

- SUSTAINED. Declarations filed in support of and in opposition to summary judgment adjudication must be based upon personal knowledge of the declarant under California Code of Civil Procedure 437c(d). The Plaintiff's and his Mother, Maureen Keating's declarations based upon "the best of my knowledge" are tantamount to information and belief declarations which have been expressly found to be insufficient to satisfy parties' burden on summary judgment enadjudication. See Lopez v. University Partners (1997) 54 Cal. App. 4th 1117, 1124. Given that the general objections of Defendant to Plaintiff's declarations were sustained the court did not consider particularized objections also filed by Defendant to Plaintiff and Maureen Keating's declarations.
- 2. Defendant has demonstrated that there was no adverse employment action, and there is no proximate cause between Plaintiff's alleged discharge and his complaints regarding his paycheck. Defendant has also demonstrated that it had a legitimate, non-retaliatory reason for allegedly discharging Plaintiff. Defendant has met its burden, and Plaintiff failed to demonstrate the existence of a trial issue of material fact. (Defendant's Undisputed Material Facts 1-40).

### IT IS ORDERED THAT:

- 1. Defendant's General Objections to Plaintiff's and Maureen Keating's Declarations in support of Plaintiff's Opposition to Motion for Summary Adjudication are hereby granted. Subtained,
- 2. The motion for summary adjudication as to each issue of Plaintiff's Fourth

  Cause of Action for Wrongful Termination In Violation Of Public Policy is hereby granted.

SO ORDERED:

SFROOCS;30466885.1 035980.1002

DATED:

JUN 2 2 2007

THE MONORABLE GEORGE A. MIRAM

Judge of the Superior Court

2.

[PROF] ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT'S MOT. FOR SUM. ADJUD.

Case No. 456118

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SUPER		EET ADI		NIA, COUNTY OF San Dunty Center, Seco			APR 2 5 2008
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		AND ZIP		1-41-5-22-2			Clark of the Superior Court
-		RANCH		ted Jurisdiction OSEPH KEATING	TD 4\/A	100	By M. Javillonar  DEPUTY CLERK
	F	LAMI	IFF: DANIEL J	OSEPH KEATING	IKAYI	IOR	DEFOIT GEETING
	DEF	ENDA	NT: AC SQUA	RE, INC.			
			and the second section of the section	JUDGMENT			CASE NUMBER.
		Ву С		By Default		After Court Trial	CIV 456118
$\boxtimes$		Ву С	ourt 🗌	On Stipulation		Defendant Did Not Appear at Trial	BY FAX
			ende mantalaste endelgebourne en est partament. E l'Althous accompte de les qu			UDGMENT	
1. 🔲	В	DEF	AULT				
	a.	Defe	endant was pro	perly served with a co	py of th	e summons and complair	t.
	b.	Defe	endant failed to	answer the complain	t or appe	ear and defend the action	within the time allowed by law.
						on plaintiff's application.	
	d.		this state for the	ment (Code Civ. Prod he recovery of money	:., § 585	(a)). Defendant was sued	only on a contract or judgment of a court of
	e.	П		•		))). The court considered	
				intiff's testimony and			
						de Civ. Proc., § 585(d)).	
2. 🔲	ON	STIE	PULATION				
د. نــا	a.			dant agreed (stipulate	d) that a	a judgment be entered in	his case. The court approved the stipulated
		judg	gment and				., .
	b. c.			ritten stipulation was			
	C.	LJ	the supulatio	n was stated in open	court	the stipulation was	stated on the record.
3. 🗌	AF	TER (	COURT TRIAL	. The jury was waived	d. The co	ourt considered the evide	nce.
	a.	The	case was tried	on (date and time):			
			ore (name of ju	dicial officer):			
	b.	App	earances by:				
			Plaintiff (nam	e each):			Plaintiff's attorney (name each):
			(1)				(1)
			(2)				(2)
			Continued on	Attachment 3b.			
		П	Defendant (na	ame each):		[]	Defendants allowed (company)
			(1)	arrio odorij.		ليا	Defendant's attorney (name each):
							(1)
		$\Box$	(2)	Attacher + Cl			(2)
			Continued on	Attachment 3b.			
	C.		Defendant did	d not appear at trial. D	efendar	nt was properly served wil	h notice of trial.
	d.		A statement of	of decision (Code Civ.	Proc., §	632) 🗌 was not [	was requested.
Form Appro	ved to	r Ontion:	al Llen			Provide Antonomia (M. Transa, pales programme de constitue de la constitue de const	Page 1 of 2

Judicial Council of California JUD-100 [New January 1, 2002]

**JUDGMENT** 

PLAINTIFF: DANIEL JOSEPH KEA	TING TRAYNOR		CASE NUMBER. CIV 456118	
DEFENDANT: AC SQUARE, INC.			010 400110	
JUDGMENT IS ENTERED A	S FOLLOWS BY:		IRT	K
4. Stipulated Judgment. Judgm	nent is entered accordin	ng to the stipulation	on of the parties.	
5. Parties. Judgment is				
a. for plaintiff (name each):		с. [	for cross-complainant (	'name each):
and against defendant (nan	nes):		and against cross-defe	ndant (name each):
Continued on Attachm	ent 5a.		Continued on Atta	achment 5c.
b. A for defendant (name each):	AC Square, Inc.	d. [	for cross-defendant (na	nme each):
6. Amount.				
a. Defendant named in item 5a pay plaintiff on the complain		c. 🗌	Cross-defendant named in cross-complainant on the	• •
(1) Damages	\$	(1)	Damages	\$
(2) Prejudgment		(2)	Prejudgment	
interest at the annual rate of %	\$		interest at the annual rate of %	<b>/\$</b>
(3) Attorney fees	\$	(3)	Attorney fees	<b>\$</b>
(4) Costs	<b>\$</b>	(4)	Costs	\$
			Costs	, ( <b>y</b>
(5)  Other (specify):	\$	(5)	Other (specify):	\$
(6) TOTAL	\$ 0.00	(6)	TOTAL	\$ 0.00
<ul> <li>b.  Plaintiff to receive nothing from the properties of the properties of</li></ul>	om defendant	d. 🗌	Cross-complainant to rece cross-defendant named in	<u> </u>
Defendant named in ite	m 5b to recover			med in item 5d to recover
costs \$ 17,332.07	¢		costs \$	·
·	Ş		and attorney f	ees \$
7. U Other (specify):				
Date: APR 2 2 2008	П	MAR	( R. FORCUM	
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Date:	Cle	erk, by		, Deputy
(SEAL)	CLERK'S CER	TIFICATE (Option	onal)	
I certify that	at this is a true copy of t		·	
Date:		-		
	Clerk	, by		, Deputy
JUD-100 [New January 1, 2002]	ШГ	GMENT		Page 2 of 2

American LegalNet, Inc www.FormsWorkflow.com

**PROOF OF SERVICE BY MAIL** 

I am employed in Santa Clara County, California. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within-entitled action. My business address is 50 West San Fernando St., 15<sup>th</sup> Floor, San Jose, CA—I am readily familiar with this firm's practice for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. On April 16, 2008, I placed with this firm at the above address for deposit with the United States Postal Service a true and correct copy of the within document(s):

JUDGMENT; NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER; ORDER GRANTING JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF DEFENDANT AC SQUARE, INC. AND MEMORANDUM OF COSTS

in a sealed envelope, postage fully paid, addressed as follows:

Daniel Joseph Keating-Traynor 2039 46<sup>th</sup> Avenue San Francisco, CA 94116

Following ordinary business practices, the envelope was sealed and placed for collection and mailing on this date, and would, in the ordinary course of business, be deposited with the United States Postal Service on this date.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on April 16, 2008, at San Jose, California.

Pauline R. Lopez

Firmwide:84928368.1 047098.1007

FILL-FR MENDELSON
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to West San Fernande Used
Voto Floor

PROOF OF SERVICE

9:00

CIV 456118 DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR VS AC SQUARE

DANIEL JOSEPH KEATING-TRAYNOR AC SQUARE, INC.

PRO/PER RONALD A. PETERS

MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT/SUMMARY ADJUDICATION OF ISSUES BY AC SOUARE, INC. AGAINST DANIEL JOSEPH KEATING-TRAYNOR.

- Defendants' general objection to the declarations offered by plaintiff are SUSTAINED. Declarations filed in support of and in opposition to summary judgment and adjudication must be based upon personal knowledge of the declarant under CCP 437c(d). The plaintiff's and his mother's declarations based upon "the best of my knowledge" are tantamount to Information and belief declarations which have been expressly found to be insufficient to satisfy parties' burden on summary judgment. See Lopez v. University Partners (1997) 54 Cal App 4th 1117, 1124. Given the fact that the objections are sustained as to the whole of the declarations, particularized objections shall not be considered.
- The Motion for Summary Adjudication as to the Fourth Cause of Action is GRANTED. Defendant has demonstrated that there was no adverse employment action, and there is no proximate cause between Plaintiff's alleged discharge and his complaints regarding his paycheck. Defendant has also demonstrated that it had a legitimate, non-retaliatory reason for allegedly discharging Plaintiff. Defendant has met its burden, and Plaintiff has failed to demonstrate the existence of a triable issue of material fact. (Defendant's UMF 1-40)
- If the tentative ruling is uncontested, it shall become the order of the court, pursuant to Rule 3.1308(a)(1), adopted by Local Rule 3.10. Moving party shall prepare and submit to the court an order pursuant to the procedures contained in CRC 3.1312.

MOTION TO COMPEL PLAINTIFFS RESPONSES TO DEFENDANTS DISCOVERY FILED BY AC SQUARE, INC.

• The Motion to compel Plaintiff's Responses to Discovery is GRANTED. Plaintiff is ordered to provide verified responses to the Demand for Inspection and

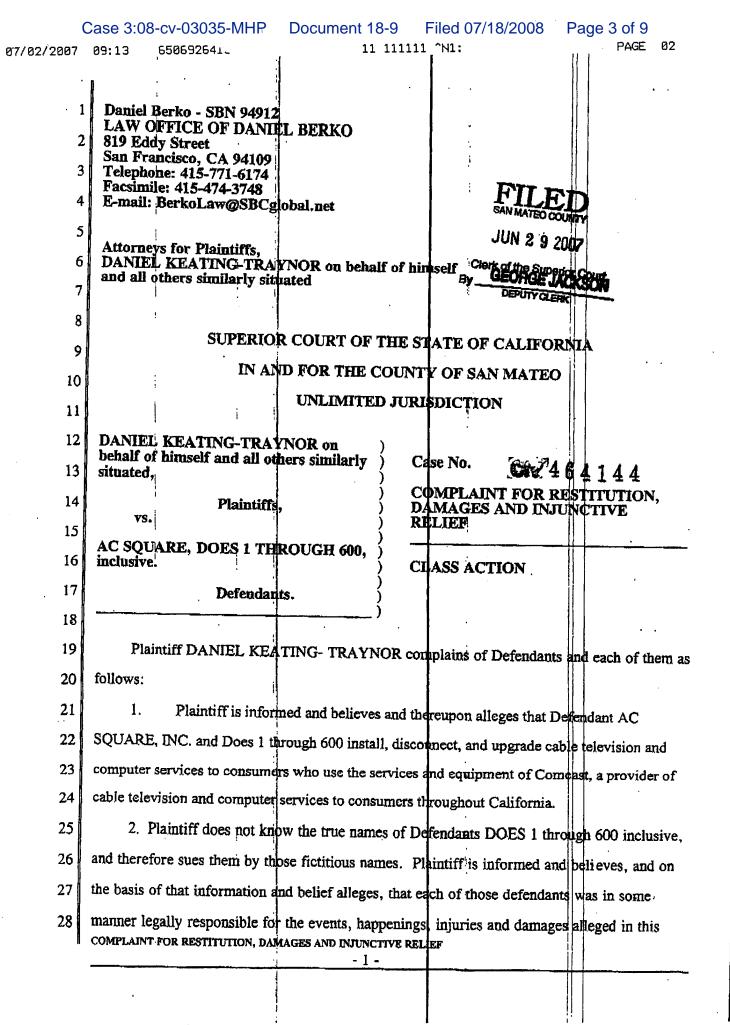
- Special Interrogatories within ten days of the hearing date.
- Pursuant to CCP 2030.290(b) and CCP 2031.300(c) monetary sanctions are ordered payable by defendant to plaintiff within 15 days in the amount of \$340, consisting of 2.5 hours x \$120 per hour, plus \$40 filing fee.
- If the tentative ruling is uncontested, it shall become the order of the court, pursuant to Rule 3.1308(a)(1), adopted by Local Rule 3.10, effective immediately, and no formal order pursuant to rule 3.1312 or any other notice is required, as the tentative ruling affords sufficient notice to the parties.

Document 18-9

Filed 07/18/2008

Page 2 of 9

Case 3:08-cv-03035-MHP



07/02/2007 09:13 650692641 11 111111 ^N1: PAGE 03

complaint.

3. In this complaint, when reference is made to any act of AC SQUARE, INC. (hereafter "AC") such allegations shall mean that the owners, officers, directors, agents, employees or representatives, of AC authorized, ratified, approved such acts, or negligently failed and omitted to supervise its employees and agents while engaged in the management, direction, operation or control of the affairs of the business organization and did so while acting within the course and scope of its employment or agency.

- 4. Plaintiff brings this action on his own behalf, and on behalf of all persons similarly situated. The class plaintiff represents consists of all persons who were employed by AC as cable television and computer technicians and who install, upgrade, disconnect and provide similar services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast. Plaintiff KEATING worked as a technician and his job included the responsibilities to install, upgrade, disconnect and provide similar services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast. Plaintiff was formerly employed by AC as a cable television and computer technician for the purpose of installing, upgrading, disconnecting and providing similar services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast.
- Plaintiffs represent. The class members' claims against Defendants involve questions of common and general interest in that each and every class member worked as an installer of cable television and computer services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast, were not paid for overtime, were paid on a piecemeal basis, did not receive rest breaks and meal breaks as required by California law, had the cost of tells and other items deducted from their wages, were not reimbursed for gas, cellphone bills, parking tickets or vehicle maintenance or damage all of which involved or occurred while working for AC. In addition, AC failed to pay each class member wages during all hours that they worked. Accordingly, the facts supporting the claim for each class member is identical or substantially similar for Plaintiff and each member of the class and the alleged breach and claim of liability is identical or substantially identical for each member of the class. These questions are such that proof of a state of facts complaint for restriction, pamages and injunctive request

. C	Case 3:08-cv-03035-MHP Document 18-9 Filed 07/18/2008 Page 5 of 9
07/02/2007	09:13 650692641
1	common to the class representatives and to members of the class will entitle each member of the
2	class to the relief requested in this complaint.
	6. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the class because
3	plaintiff is a member of the class and plaintiff's claims are typical of those in the class.
5	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
	(VIOLATION OF BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE \$17200)
6	
. 7	and the first state of the antegations, averments, and
8	matters contained in paragraphs 1 through 6 above.
9	8. Business and Professions Code §17200 et seq. prohibits any business from
10	engaging in unfair competition which it defines as any unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act
11	
12	or practice and unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising including any act prohibited by
13	Business and Professions Code §17500.
14	9. AC'S refusal to pay class members the wages due to them, improper deductions from
15	class members' paychecks, and its refusal to pay overtime due are each separately and
16	collectively unfair and unlawful business practices.
17	
18	10. Each class member is entitled to restitution of all money in which they have an
19	ownership interest which constitutes either (1) the failure to pay wages due or (2) the failure to
20	pay overtime due or (3) the failure to pay for time spent while employed by
21	11. Plaintiff and the class are entitled to an Order or Injunction, prohibiting Defendant from
22	continuing to engage in the conduct alleged here.
23	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
24	(VIOLATION OF LABOR CODE 2802)
25	12. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations, averments and matters
26	contained in paragraph 1 through 6 inclusive as if set forth at length herein in heec verba.
27	Paragraphi A direction of the control of the contro
28	COMPLAINT FOR RESTITUTION, DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF - 3 -
	1 1 1

13. While employed in the customary business of AC and in the direct consequence of their duties, class members were required to expend his or her own monies in direct consequence of the discharge of his or her duties, and in addition suffered losses to his or her own property for which Defendants must indemnify class members, including, but not limited to the purchase of a vehicle, vehicle maintenance, gas, tools, and equipment, including safety belts and other equipment.

# THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

# (FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME WAGES)

- 14. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations, averments and matters contained in paragraph 1 through 6 inclusive as if set forth at length herein in haec verha.
- 15. AC fails ands refuses to pay class members overtime for time worked in excess of eight hours per day or forty hours per week.
- 16. Labor Code 1198 provides that it is unlawful to employ persons for longer than the hours set by the Industrial Welfare Commission or under conditions prohibited by the applicable wage order.
- 17. At all times relevant herein, the Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Order No. 9-2001 (8 Cal. Code Reg. 11090) and Labor Code 510(a) applied to the employment of class members by Defendant. Said wage order and Labor Code section provide that any employee employed for more than 8 hours a day or 40 hours per week are to be paid at the rate on 1.5 times the normal hourly rate for hours in excess of 8 per day or 40 per week, and or double time under certain conditions.
- 18. Pursuant to Labor Code 1194(a), Plaintiffs are cutitled to reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
- 19. Pursuant to Labor Code 558(a)(1), each class member is entitled to a civil penalty of COMPLAINT FOR RESTITUTION, DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

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\$50 for the initial work period that each class member was underpaid and \$100 for each successive period pay period that he or she was not paid overtime wages as required by law.

# FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# (FAILURE TO FURNISH INFORMATIONREQUIRED BY LABOR CODE 226)

- 20. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the allegations, averments and matters contained in paragraph 1 through 6 inclusive as if set forth at length herein in haec verba.
- 21. Defendant has willfully refused to semimonthly or at the time of each payment of wages, furnish each of his or her employees, either as a detachable part of the check, draft, or voucher paying the employee's wages, or separately when wages are paid by personal check or cash, an accurate itemized statement in writing showing (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by the employee, (3) the number of piece-rate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid on a piece-rate basis, and (4) all deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of the employee may be aggregated and shown as one
- 22. Each class member is entitled to a) is entitled to recover the greater of all actual damages or fifty dollars (\$50) for the initial pay period in which a violation occurs and one hundred dollars (\$100) per employee for each violation in a subsequent pay period, not exceeding an aggregate penalty of four thousand dollars (\$4,000), and is entitled to an award of costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

# FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# (ON BEHALF OF DANNY KEATING-TRAYNOR INDIVIDUALLY) (FAILURE TO PAY WAGES DUE)

- 23. Plaintiff incorporates herein all of the allegations, averments and matters contained in paragraphs 1-3 above as if set forth at length in have verba.
- 24. Plaintiff worked as a trainee for approximately 80 hours for which he was not paid. He is entitled to at least minimum wage plus any overtime for those hours.
- COMPLAINT FOR RESTITUTION, DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

Ca /02/2007	ase 3:08-cv-03035-MHP Document 18-9 Filed 07/18/2008 Page 8 of 9 09:13 650692541 11 1111111 ^N1: PAGE 05
1	
2	WHEREFORE PLAINTIPES PRAY JUDGMENT AS FOLLOW:
3	ON ALL CAUSES OF ACTION:
4	1. General damages acception to
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8	
9	The Costs of Suit;
10	5. Such other, and/or further relief as is just and proper.
11	Dated: June 28, 2007
12	
13	DANIEL BERKO Attorney for Plaintiff DANNY TRAYNOR-
14	KEATING on behalf of themselves and all those similarly situated
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28	COMPLAINT FOR RESTITUTION, DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF
• -	- 6 -

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**SUM-100** 

# SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

AC SQUARE, INC.; COMCAST, INC.; AFSHIN GHANEH; ANDREW BAHMANYAR; and DOES 160 inclusive

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):
DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated

FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

FILED SAN MATEO COUNTY

JUN 1 0 2008

Elerk at the Superior Court-By

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filling fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away, if you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DIAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para prasentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en le corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selffielp/espanol/), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is:
(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):
SAN MATEO SUPERIOR COURT
400 COUNTY CENTER
REDWOOD CITY, CA 94063

CASE NUMBER: 4 7 3 5 7 1

The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiffs attorney, or plaintiff without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del demandante, o del demandante que no tiene abogado, es):

DATE: JUN 1 0 2008		Clerk, by (Secretario)		, Deputy (Adjunto)
(For proof of service of this su	immons, use Proof of Service	e of Summons (form POS-010).)		
(Para prueba de entrega de e	sta citatión use el formulario	Proof of Service of Summons, (P	OS-010)).	
	NOTICE TO THE PERSO	ON SERVED: You are served		
2027 65	1 as an individual			
	2. as the person s	ued under the fictitious name of (s	pecify):	
	3. on behalf of (sp	aniful:		
	<u></u>	-		
MARIE	under: CCP 41	6.10 (corporation)	CCP 416.60 (mind	or)
	CCP 41	6.20 (defunct corporation)	CCP 416.70 (cons	servatee)
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Form Adopted for Managtory Use				Page 1 of 1
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Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Judicial Council of California SUM-100 (Rev. January 1, 2004)

SUMMONS

Code of Civil Procedure §§ 412.20, 465

American LegalNet, Inc. | www.USCounforms.com

1 Daniel Berko - SBN 94912 LAW OFFICE OF DANIEL BERKO 819 Eddy Street 2 San Francisco, CA 94109 Telephone: 415-771-6174 JUN 1 0 2008 3 Facsimile: 415-474-3748 Clerk of the Superior Court 4 E-mail: BerkoLaw@SBCglobal.net 5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 6 DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR on behalf of himself DBIb and all others similarly situated 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN MATEO 10 UNLIMITED JURISDICTION 11 DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR on 12 behalf of himself and all others similarly Case No. 13 situated, Plaintiffs, COMPLAINT 14 DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE -VS-RELIEF 15 AC SQUARE, INC.; COMCAST INC.; AFSHIN GHANEH; ANDREW 16 **BAHMANYAR**; and DOES 1-60 CLASS ACTION inclusive. 17 Defendants. 18 19 Plaintiff DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR complains of Defendants and each of them as follows: 20 1. 21 Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereupon alleges that Defendants AC 22 SQUARE, INC., COMCAST INC, AFSHIN GHANEH, ANDREW BAHMANYAR and Does 1 23 through 60 employ cable technicians who install, disconnect, and upgrade cable television and 24 computer services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast, a provider of cable television and computer services to consumers throughout California. 25 26 2. Plaintiff does not know the true names of Defendants DOES 1-60 inclusive, and 27 therefore sues them by those fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on the basis of that information and belief alleges, that each of those defendants was in some manner legally 28

responsible for the events, happenings, injuries and damages alleged in this complaint. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereupon alleges that each of the Does 1-60 and all named Defendants encouraged, supported, aided, advised, agreed upon and abetted the violations that are alleged in this complaint.

- 3. In this complaint, when reference is made to any act of AC SQUARE, INC. (hereafter "AC") such allegations shall mean that the owners, officers, directors, agents, employees or representatives, of AC authorized, ratified, approved such acts, or negligently failed and omitted to supervise its employees and agents while engaged in the management, direction, operation or control of the affairs of the business organization and did so while acting within the course and scope of its employment or agency.
- 4. In this complaint, when reference is made to any act of COMCAST, INC. (hereafter "COMCAST") such allegations shall mean that the owners, officers, directors, agents, employees or representatives, of COMCAST authorized, ratified, approved such acts, or negligently failed and omitted to supervise its employees and agents while engaged in the management, direction, operation or control of the affairs of the business organization and did so while acting within the course and scope of its employment or agency.
- 5. Defendant AFSHIN GHANEH is responsible for the payroll and business practices of AC Square that are alleged herein. Afshin Ghaneh also owns AC Square. Defendant ANDREW BAHMANYAR is also responsible for the payroll and business practices of AC Square that are alleged herein.
- 6. Defendant Comcast conspired with and aided and abetted Defendants AC Square,
  Afshin Ghaneh and Andrew Bahmanyar and Does 1 through 60 in taking the actions alleged
  herein. moreover, by shifting responsibility for the installation of Comcast equipment to AC
  Square and knowingly allowing AC to systematically underpay its cable technicians including
  plaintiff and all class members, COMCAST was able to unfairly compete in the market place by
  reducing the true costs of installing and servicing its equipment through the use of laborers paid
  less than lawful wages.
  - 7. Defendant COMCAST, Afshin Ghaneh and Andrew Bahmanyar and Does 1 through 60

aided, abetted, encouraged, supported, advised and benefited from AC Square's violation of California and federal wage and hour laws as alleged herein. In addition, Afshin Ghaneh has diverted to himself funds that should have been and were available to pay Plaintiff and all AC Square employees a lawful wage.

- 8. Plaintiff brings this action on his own behalf, and on behalf of all persons similarly situated. The class plaintiff represents consists of all persons who were employed by AC as cable television and computer technicians and who install, upgrade, disconnect and provide similar services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast. Plaintiff KEATING worked as a technician and his job included the responsibilities to install, upgrade, disconnect and provide similar services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast. Plaintiff was formerly employed by AC Square as a cable television and computer technician for the purpose of installing, upgrading, disconnecting and providing similar services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast.
- 9. There are well-defined common of questions of law and fact affecting the class Plaintiffs represent. The class members' claims against Defendants involve questions of common and general interest in that each and every class member (1) worked as an installer of cable television and computer services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast, (2)(a) were not paid for overtime either when he worked more than an 8 hour day, 2(b) or more than a forty hour week 2(c) worked the seventh day in a row 2(d) worked over eight hours on the seventh day, (3) were paid on a piecemeal basis, (4) did not receive rest breaks or meal breaks as required by California law, (5) were subject to improper deductions from their wages, and (6) were not reimbursed for gas, cell phone bills, parking tickets, and vehicle expenses including, but not limited to, insurance, vehicle repairs or vehicle maintenance or damage to their vehicles which involved work done for and/ or occurred while working for AC. In addition, (7) AC failed to pay each class member wages during all hours that they worked. In addition, (8) AC intentionally failed to pay all wages due when employees left the company. (9) Class members were not paid for split shifts as required by law. (10) AC required employees and all class members do work for no pay under various circumstances such as 10(a) staff meetings, 10(b)

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27 28 picking up work orders and equipment, and 10(c) trips to customer locations where no customer was present so as to allow an employee/class member to perform services for which he came to the customer's location (except for payment of a \$1.00 fee). In addition, (11) AC failed to provide information required to be on wage stubs under California law to all class members. (12) In addition, AC and all other defendants failed to pay Plaintiffs for time spent transporting COMCAST Equipment. Accordingly, the facts supporting the claim for each class member is identical or substantially similar for Plaintiff and each member of the class and the alleged breach and claim of liability is identical or substantially identical for each member of the class. These questions are such that proof of a state of facts common to the class representatives and to members of the class will entitle each member of the class to the relief requested in this complaint.

10. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the class, because plaintiff is a member of the class and plaintiff's claims are typical of those in the class.

#### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

#### (CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE §17200)

- 11. Plaintiff incorporates herein in haec verba all of the allegations, averments, and matters contained in paragraphs 1-10 above.
- 12. Business and Professions Code §17200 et seq. prohibits any business from engaging in unfair competition which it defines as any unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business act or practice and unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising including any act prohibited by Business and Professions Code §17500.
- 13. AC Square's refusal to pay class members the wages due to them as alleged herein, which conduct was done in concert and pursuant to agreement with Comcast, Afshin Ghaneh and Andrew Bahmanyar, employees at Comcast, others, and Does 1 through 60, and which was aided, abetted, ordered, supported and encouraged by all defendants, and its improper deductions from class members' paychecks, are each separately and collectively unfair and unlawful

business practices.

- 14. Each class member is entitled to restitutionary damages which constitutes (1) the failure to pay wages due or (2) the failure to pay overtime due or (3) the failure to pay for time spent while employed by AC or (4) the failure to reimburse for expenses or (5) the failure to pay a split shift or show up premium when required by law and (6) all other failures to pay money due. Moreover, to the extent that Defendants, and any of them, received greater profits from their business than they otherwise would have had AC obeyed California Labor Laws, Defendants must disgorge all such profits to the extent necessary to pay Plaintiffs the money owed to them.
- 15. Plaintiff and the class are entitled to an Order or Injunction, prohibiting Defendants from continuing to engage in the conduct alleged here.

# SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (VIOLATION OF FAIR LABOR STANDARD ACT) (AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)

- 16. Plaintiff incorporates herein all of the allegations, averments and matters contained in paragraphs 1-10 and 12-15, inclusive as if set forth at length herein in haec verba.
- 17. AC Square, Comcast, Afshin Ghaneh, Andrew Bahmanyar and Does 1 through 60 fail to pay overtime to class members even though it is clear that class members are entitled to overtime for each workweek that they work over 40 hours in a week.
- 18. AC Square, Comcast, Afshin Ghaneh and Andrew Bahmanyar's failure to pay overtime due to class members was a willful violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA), because it would be impossible for Defendants not to be aware that the class members were not exempt from overtime requirements and yet they failed to pay overtime and continue to fail to pay overtime through the present time.
  - 19. Because all Defendants willfully failed to comply with the FLSA, all Plaintiffs are

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entitled to damages consisting of the overtime wages they should have been paid and liquidated damages in an amount equal to the unpaid overtime plus interest at the legal rate and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in enforcing the rights.

#### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

# (CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE THE FAIR LABOR STANDARD ACT) (AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)

- 20. Plaintiff incorporates herein all of the allegations, averments and matters contained in paragraphs 1-10, 12-15 and 17-19, inclusive as if set forth at length herein in haec verba.
- 21. Defendants and each of them combined together in a tacit and express agreement to knowingly and intentionally deprive Plaintiff and all class members of their rights to overtime pay as provided by the FLSA.

#### **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### (FAILURE TO PAY MONIES DUE AT TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT)

- 22. Plaintiff incorporates herein all of the allegations, averments and matters contained in paragraphs 1-10, 12-15, 17-19 and 21, inclusive as if set forth at length herein in haec verba.
- 23. Defendant AC Square, as to all class members who no longer work for it, willfully failed to pay all monies due at the termination of the employment relationship either immediately or within 72 hours.
- 24. Each class member who is no longer employed by AC Square is entitled to thirty day's wages in addition to all other relief.

#### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

# (CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE LABOR CODE SECTION 558)

#### (AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)

- 25. Plaintiff incorporates herein all of the allegations, averments and matters contained in paragraphs 1-10, 12-15, 17-19, 21, 23-24 inclusive as if set forth at length herein in haec verba.
  - 26. Labor Code section 558 provides that any employer or other person acting on behalf of

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	the employer, who violates or causes to be violated any provision of chapter of the Labor Code
1	regulating payment of wages or any provision regulating hours and days of work and any order of
2	the Industrial Welfare Commission shall be liable for \$50.00 penalty for the first violation of the
3	first pay period as to any employee and \$100.00 for each subsequent violation for each
5	subsequent pay period for which the employee was underpaid in addition to an amount sufficient
6	to recover underpaid wages. Wages recovered under section 558 are the property of the
7	underpaid employee.
8	27. By engaging in the conduct and omissions alleged herein, Defendants have intentionally
9	violated numerous provisions of IWC wage orders and statutes resulting wages including but not
10	limited to all those referenced in this complaint.
12	28. Each class member and each employee is entitled to all wages due to them pursuant to
13	Labor Code §558.
14	29. Because the violations of the wage orders and Labor Code provisions relating to payment
15	of wages was intentional, and Defendants knowingly took advantage of its employees and caused
16 17	them substantial economic harm, Plaintiffs are entitled to punitive damages against all
18	Defendants.
19	WHEREFORE PLAINTIFF PRAYS JUDGMENT AS FOLLOW:
20	ON ALL CAUSES OF ACTION:
21	1. General damages according to proof;
22	2. Special damages according to proof;
23	3. Interest on all sums awarded;
24	4. Costs of suit;
25 26	5. Such other, and/or further relief as is just and proper.

ON THE FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION:

1	Dated: June 9, 2008
2	DANIEL BERKO, Attorney for Plaintiff
3	DANNY KEATING-TRAYNOR, on behalf of themselves and all those similarly situated
4	and an diose similary situated
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28	- 8 -  COMPLAINT FOR RESTITUTION, DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

#### AFFIDAVIT OF PERSONAL DELIVERY

Hearing thoughor

FILED SAN MATEO COUNTY

JUN 1 0 2008

Clerk of the Superior

CASE # CIV 473571

vs

kc Square

#### **DOCUMENTS**

Endorsed filed copies of the Complaint, Summons, Notice of Case Management Conference and ADR Packet information.

I declare under penalty of perjury that I delivered back to the customer, a true copy of the foregoing documents. Executed on the above filed date at the Hall of Justice & Records in Redwood City, CA 94063.

By: G. JACKSON
Deputy Court Clerk

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Notice of Complex Case Status Conference



Superior Court of California County of San Mateo Civil Department **400 County Center** Redwood City, CA 94063-1655 (650)363-4599 www.sanmateocourt.org

DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR Plaintiff(s) VS.

AC SQUARE, INC.

Defendant(s)

Case No.: CIV 473571

Date: 08/12/08

Time: 9:00 AM

Dept. 21

DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR VS AC SQUARE INC Title:

You are hereby given notice of your Complex Case Status Conference. The date, time and department have been written above. At this conference, the Presiding Judge will decide whether this action is a complex case within the meaning of California Rules of Court ("CRC"), Rule 3.400, subdivision (a) and whether it should be assigned to a single judge for all purposes.

- In accordance with applicable San Mateo County Local Rule 2.30, you are hereby ordered to:
  - a. Serve copies of this notice, your Civil Case Cover Sheet, and your Certificate Re: Complex Case Designation on all named parties in this action no later than service of your first appearance pleadings.
  - b. Give reasonable notice of the Complex Case Status Conference to all named parties in this action, even if they have not yet made a first appearance or been formally served with the documents listed in subdivision (a). Such notice shall be given in the same manner as required for an ex parte application pursuant to CRC 3.1203.
  - 2. If you fail to follow the orders above, you are ordered to show cause why you should not be sanctioned. The Order To Show Cause hearing will be at the same time as the Complex Case Status Conference. Sanctions may include monetary, evidentiary or issue sanctions as well as striking pleadings and/or dismissal.
- 3. An action is provisionally a complex case if it involves one or more of the following types of claims: (1). antitrust or trade regulation claims; (2) construction defect claims involving many parties or structures; (3) securities claims or investment losses involving many parties; (4) environmental or toxic tort claims involving many parties; (5) claims involving massive torts; (6) claims involving class actions; or (7) insurance coverage claims arising out of any of the claims listed in subdivisions (1) through (6). The Court shall treat a provisionally complex action as a complex case until the Presiding Judge has the opportunity to decide whether the action meets the definition in CRC 3.400(a).
- 4. Any party who files either a Civil Case Cover Sheet (pursuant to CRC 3.401) or a counter or joinder Civil Case Cover Sheet (pursuant to CRC 3.402, subdivision (b) or (c)), designating an action as a complex case in Items 1, 2 and/or 5, must also file an accompanying Certificate Re: Complex Case Designation in the form prescribed by the Court. The certificate must include supporting information showing a reasonable basis for the complex case designation being sought. Such supporting information may include, without limitation, a brief description of the following factors as they pertain to the particular action: (1) management of a large number of

Form: CCSC

separately represented parties, (2) complexity of anticipated factual and/or legal issues; (3) numerous pretrial motions that will be time-consuming to resolve; (4) management of a large number of witnesses or a substantial amount of documentary evidence; (5) coordination with related actions pending in one or more courts in other counties, states or countries or in a federal court; (6) whether or not certification of a putative class action will in fact be pursued; and (7) substantial post-judgment judicial supervision.

For further information regarding case management policies and procedures, see the court website at www.sanmateocourt.org

\* Telephonic appearances at Complex Case Status Conference are available by contacting CourtCall, LLC, an independent vendor, at least 5 business days prior to the scheduled conference.

#### CLERK'S CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that I am the clerk of this Court, not a party to this cause; that I served a copy of this notice on the below date, by placing a copy thereof in separate sealed envelopes addressed to the address shown by the records of this Court, and by then sealing said envelopes and depositing same, with postage fully pre-paid thereon, in the United States Mail at Redwood City, California.

Date: 06/10/08

John C. Fitton, Court Executive Officer/Clerk

By: GEORGE JACKSON Deputy Clerk

Copies mailed to:

DANIEL BERKO 819 EDDY STREET SAN FRANCISCO CA 94109

#### NOTICE OF CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE

Meating-this/	Case No. CIV 473571		
	FILED SAN MATEO COUNTY	Date: 0CT 2 4 2008	
vs.	JUN 1 0 2008	Time: 9:00 a.m.	
A = Square	Giark af the Superior Court	Dept. 3 - on Tuesday & Thursday	
	DEPUTY CLERK	Dept. 28 on Wednesday & Friday	

You are hereby given notice of your Case Management Conference. The date, time and department have been written above.

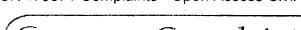
- 1. In accordance with applicable California Rules of Court and Local Rules 2.3(d)1-4 and 2.3(m), you are hereby ordered to:
  - a. Serve all named defendants and file proofs of service on those defendants with the court within 60 days of filing the complaint (CRC 201.7).
  - b. Serve a copy of this notice, Case Management Statement and ADR Information Sheet on all named parties in this action.
  - c. File and serve a completed Case Management Statement at least 15 days before the Case Management Conference [CRC 212(g)]. Failure to do so may result in monetary sanctions.
  - d. Meet and confer, in person or by telephone, to consider each of the issues identified in CRC 212(f) no later than 30 days before the date set for the Case Management Conference.
- 2. If you fail to follow the orders above, you are ordered to show cause why you should not be sanctioned. The Order To Show Cause hearing will be at the same time as the Case Management Conference hearing. Sanctions may include monetary, evidentiary or issue sanctions as well as striking pleadings and/or dismissal.
- 3. Continuances of case management conferences are highly disfavored unless good cause is shown.
- 4. Parties may proceed to an appropriate dispute resolution process ("ADR") by filing a Stipulation To ADR and Proposed Order (see attached form.). If plaintiff files a Stipulation To ADR and Proposed Order electing to proceed to judicial arbitration, the Case Management Conference will be taken off the court calendar and the case will be referred to the Arbitration Administrator. If plaintiffs and defendants file a completed stipulation to another ADR process (e.g., mediation) 10 days prior to the first scheduled case management conference, the case management conference will be continued for 90 days to allow parties time to complete their ADR session. The court will notify parties of their new case management conference date.
- 5. If you have filed a default or a judgment has been entered, your case is not automatically taken off the Case Management Conference Calendar. If "Does", "Roes", etc. are named in your complaint, they must be dismissed in order to close the case. If any party is in bankruptcy, the case is stayed only as to that named party.
- 6. You are further ordered to appear in person\* (or through your attorney of record) at the Case Management Conference noticed above. You must be thoroughly familiar with the case and fully authorized to proceed.
- 7. The Case Management judge will issue orders at the conclusion of the conference that may include:
  - a. Referring parties to voluntary ADR and setting an ADR completion date;
  - b. Dismissing or severing claims or parties;
  - c. Setting a trial date.
- 8. The Case Management judge may be the trial judge in this case.

For further information regarding case management policies and procedures, see the court website at www.sammateocourt.org.

\* Telephonic appearances at case management conferences are available by contacting CourtCall, LLC, an independent vendor, at least 5 business days prior to the scheduled conference (see attached CourtCall information).

CIV473571 Complaints - Open Access Civil

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# Complaints/Parties



Complaints/Parties

**Actions** 

**Pending Hearings** 

Images

Case Report

#### Case CIV473571 - DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR VS AC SQUARE INC

Complaint Number: 1

Complaint Type:

COMPLAINT

Filing Date:

06/10/2008

Complaint Status: ACTIVE

Complaint Status. ACTIVE							
Party Number	Party Type	Party Name	Attorney	Party Status			
1	PLAINTIFF	DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR	BERKO, DANIEL	First Paper Fee Paid			
2	DEFENDANT	AC SQUARE, INC.	Unrepresented	Serve Required (WaitS)			
3	DEFENDANT	COMCAST INC.	Unrepresented	Serve Required (WaitS)			
4	DEFENDANT	AFSHIN GHANEH	Unrepresented	Serve Required (WaitS)			
5	DEFENDANT	ANDREW BAHMANYAR	Unrepresented	Serve Required (WaitS)			

CIV473571 Actions - Open Access Civil

Page 1 of 1



**Pending Hearings** 

# Actions



Home

Complaints/Parties

**Actions** 

Images

Case Report

## Case CIV473571 - DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR VS AC SQUARE INC

Move To This Date

Viewed	Date	Action Text	Disposition	Image
N	10/24/2008 9:00 AM DEPT. 28	CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE		oj '
N	08/12/2008 9:00 AM DEPT. PJLM	COMPLEX CASE STATUS CONFERENCE		đ
	06/10/2008	COMPLEX LITIGATION FEE OF \$550.00 RECEIVED FROM DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR (PLAINTIFF).	•	
N	06/10/2008	CIVIL CASE COVERSHEET RECEIVED		
N	06/10/2008	AFFIDAVIT OF PERSONAL DELIVERY BY G JACKSON FILED	-	œ <b>i</b>
N	06/10/2008	30 DAY SUMMONS, ISSUED AND FILED.		œÎ
N	06/10/2008	(S) COMPLAINT FILED	-	đ

		CM-010
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar /	number, and address): SBN 94912	FOR COURT USE ONLY
LAW OFFICE OF DANIEL BERKO	00.17.712	,
819 EDDY STREET   SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94109		
TELEPHONE NO.: 415/771-6174	FAX NO.: 415/474-3748	RECEIVED
ATTORNEY FOR (Name). DANIEL KEATING-		HEGEIVED
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SA		JUN 1 0 2008
STREET ADDRESS: 400 COUNTY CENT MAILING ADDRESS.	ER	
CITY AND ZIP CODE. REDWOOD CITY, C	A 94063	CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT
BRANCH NAME UNLIMITED CIVIL	JURISDICTION	SAN MATEO COUNTY
CASE NAME:		
DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR -v	s- AC SQUARE et al.	
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER:
Unlimited Limited	Counter Joinder	CN 473571
(Amount (Amount demanded demanded demanded demanded demanded demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defend	dant JUDGE:
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	DEPT:
items 1–6 belo	ow must be completed (see instructions	
Check one box below for the case type that		
Auto Tort Auto (22)	Contract  Breach of contract/warranty (06)	Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.406–3.403)
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property	Other collections (09)	Construction defect (10)
Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)
Asbestos (04)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
Product liability (24)	Real Property	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Medical malpractice (45)	Eminent domain/Inverse condemnation (14)	Insurance coverage claims arising from the
Other PI/PD/W() (23) Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	above listed provisionally complex case types (41)
Business tort/urifair business practice (07)		Enforcement of Judgment
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)
Defamation (13)	Commercial (31)	Miscellaneous Civil Complaint
Fraud (16)	Residential (32)	RICO (27)
Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Professional negligence (25) Other non-PI/PIXWD tort (35)	Judicial Review  Asset forfeiture (05)	Miscellaneous Civil Petition
Employment (35)	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)
Other employment (15)	Other judicial review (39)	
2. This case  is is not comp	lex under rule 3.400 of the California Ru	ules of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
factors requiring exceptional judicial manag		
a. Large number of separately repres		r of witnesses
<ul> <li>b. Extensive motion practice raising of issues that will be time-consuming</li> </ul>		with related actions pending in one or more courts
c. Substantial amount of documentar		ties, states, or countries, or in a federal court ostjudgment judicial supervision
<ul><li>3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a.</li><li>4. Number of causes of action (specify): 5</li></ul>	✓ monetary b. ✓ nonmonetary; c	declaratory or injunctive relief c. v punitive
	s action suit.	
6. If there are any known related cases, file a		may use form CA-015 )
Date: 06/10/2008	17007	, 250 /0/10/
DANIEL BERKO	* A	たイ Vへ
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)		IGNATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
Plaintiff must file this cover sheet with the fi	NOTICE Ist paper filed in the action or proceeding	n (eycent small claims cases or cases filed
under the Probate Code, Family Code, or V	Velfare and Institutions Code) (Cal. Rule	es of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result
in sanctions.  File this cover sheet in addition to any cover		
<ul> <li>If this case is complex under rule 3,400 et s</li> </ul>	eq. of the California Rules of Court, you	must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
other parties to the action or proceeding.		
Unless this is a collections case under rule	3.740 or a complex case, this cover she	et will be used for statistical purposes only. Page 1 of 2
Farm Adopted for Mendatory Use Judicial Council of California CM-010 (Rev. July 1, 2007)	CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Cal. Rules of Court, rules 2:30, 3:220, 3:400–3:403, 3:740; Cal. Standards of Judicial Administration, std. 3:10

1	RONALD A. PETERS, Bar No. 169895	
2	BENJAMIN A. EMMÉRT, Bar No. 212157 LITTLER MENDELSON	<b>ENDOR 2 FILLID</b>
3	A Professional Corporation 50 West San Fernando Street	SAN MATEO COUNTY
4	15th Floor San Jose, CA 95113.2303	JUN 1 9 2008
5	Telephone: 408.998.4150 Facsimile: 408.288.5686	Clerk of the Superior Court  By Siolo S. Sala
6	E-Mail: rpeters@littler.com	DEPUTY CLERK
7	Attorneys for Defendant AC SQUARE, INC.	
8	GLIDEDIOD GOLDE	
9	,	F THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
10		Y OF SAN MATEO
11	DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR, on behalf of himself and all others similarly	Case No. CIV 464144
12	situated,	[PROPOSED] ORDER CONSOLIDATING RELATED ACTIONS CIV 464144 AND CIV
13	Plaintiffs,	473571
14	v.	Date: June 18, 2008 Time: 4:00 p.m
15	AC SQUARE, DOES 1 THROUGH 600, inclusive,	Dept.: 1
16	Defendants.	Honorable Carol L. Mittlesteadt
17		
18	DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,	Case No. CIV 473571
19	Plaintiffs,	
20	v.	
21	AC SQUARE, INC.; COMCAST INC.; AFSHIN GHANEH; ANDREW	
22	BAHMANYAR; and DOES 1 THROUGH 60, inclusive,	
23		
24	Defendants.	
25	FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN	the action entitled Daniel Keating-Traynor, on behalf
26		intiffs vs. AC Square, Inc.; Comcast, Inc.; Afshin
27		ough 60 inclusive, Defendants, San Mateo County
28		e 10, 2008 is hereby consolidated for all purposes with
LITTLER MENDELSON A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 50 West San Fernando Street		Case No. CIV 464144
14th Floor San Jose, CA 95113 2303 408 998 4150	ORDER CONSOLIDATING RELATE	D ACTIONS NO. CIV 464144 AND CIV 473571

1	the action entitled Daniel Keating-Trayno	or, on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated,							
2	Plaintiffs, vs. AC Square, Inc., Does 1 through 600 inclusive, Defendants, San Mateo County								
3	Superior Court number CIV 464144, filed June 29, 2007. All documents shall be filed under the								
4	case number of the case filed first, case n	umber CIV 464144.							
5									
6	Dated: <b>JUN 1 8 2008</b>	CAROL MITTLESTEADT							
7		JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT							
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LITTLER MENDELSON A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION 50 West San Fernands Street 14th Floor San Jose CA 95113 2303 408 998 4150 Document 18-12

Filed 07/18/2008

Page 2 of 3

Case 3:08-cv-03035-MHP

attached as Exhibit A.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that pursuant to 28 U.S.C. section 1446, the filing of said Notice of Removal of action in federal court, together with the filing of a copy of said Notice to State Court and Adverse Party of Removal of Civil Action to Federal Court with the Clerk of this state court, effects the removal of this action, and the state court may therefore proceed no further unless and until the case is remanded.

Dated: June 19, 2008

ROWALD/A/PETERS/
BENJAMIN EMMERT
LILANTHI RAVISHANKAR
LITTLER MENDELSON
A Professional Corporation

Attorneys for Defendants AC SQUARE INC., AFSHIN GHANEH, AND ANDREW BAHMANYAR

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LITTLER MENDELSON
A Professional Componation
50 West San Fernando Sireet
15th Floor
San Jose CA 95113 2303
408 998 4150

Daniel Berko - SBN 94912 1 FILED LAW OFFICE OF DANIEL BERKO 2 819 Eddy Street 08 JUN 1 1 PH 12: 50 San Francisco, CA 94109 3 Telephone: 415-771-6174 RICHARD W. WIEKING
CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
THERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
C-filing Facsimile: 415-474-3748 E-mail: BerkoLaw@SBCglobal.net 5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR on behalf of himself 6 and all others similarly situated 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 2907 11 DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR on behalf of himself and all others similarly 12 COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES FOR situated. VIOLATION OF FAIR LABOR **1**3 Plaintiff, STANDARDS ACT 14 AC SQUARE, COMCAST INC.; CLASS ACTION 29 USC 216(b) AFSHIN GHANEH; ANDREW 15 BAHMANYAR; and DOES 1 PLAINTIFF DEMANDS A JURY TRIAL THROUGH 60, inclusive, 16 ON ALL ISSUES 17 Defendants. 18 19 Plaintiff DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR complains of Defendants and each of them as 20 follows: 21 1. This court has jurisdiction over this case because it is an action brought pursuant to 22 23 the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 USC §§ 201-219. Plaintiff and the class members each have 24 a right to bring an action under the FLSA pursuant to 29USC216(b). 25 2. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereupon alleges that Defendants AC SQUARE, 26 INC., COMCAST, INC. AFSHIN GHANEH, ANDREW BAHMANYAR and Docs 1 through 27 60 employ technicians who install, disconnect, and upgrade cable television, computer and other 28 COMPLAINT FOR RESTITUTION, DAMAGES AND INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

Filed 07/18/2008

setting corporate policy, have operation control of AC's payroll and business practices, including but not limited to failing to pay overtime compensation even though it is clearly and unquestionably due to class members.

- 5. Plaintiff does not know the true names of Defendants DOES 1 through 60 inclusive, and therefore sues them by those fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and on the basis of that information and belief alleges, that each of those defendants was in some manner legally responsible for the events, happenings, injuries and damages alleged in this complaint.
- 6. In this complaint, when reference is made to any act of AC SQUARE, INC., (hereafter "AC") such allegations shall mean that the owners, officers, directors, agents, employees or representatives, of AC authorized, ratified, approved such acts, or negligently failed and omitted to supervise its employees and agents while engaged in the management, direction, operation or control of the affairs of the business organization and did so while acting within the course and scope of its employment or agency.
- 7. In this complaint, when reference is made to any act of COMCAST INC. (hereafter "COMCAST") such allegations shall mean that the owners, officers, directors, agents, employees or representatives, of COMCAST authorized, ratified, approved such acts, or negligently failed and omitted to supervise its employees and agents while engaged in the management, direction, operation or control of the affairs of the business organization and did so while acting within the course and scope of its employment or agency
- 8. Plaintiff brings this action on his own behalf, and on behalf of all persons similarly situated. The class plaintiff represents consists of all persons who were directly employed by AC as cable television and computer technicians and who install, upgrade, disconnect and provide

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similar services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast. Plaintiff KEATING worked as a technician and his job included the responsibilities to install, upgrade, disconnect and provide similar services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast. Plaintiff was formerly employed by AC as a cable television and computer technician for the purpose of installing, upgrading, disconnecting and providing similar services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast

- 9. There are well-defined common of questions of law and fact affecting the class Plaintiffs represent. The class members' claims against Defendants involve questions of common and general interest in that each and every class member worked as an installer of cable television, computer and electronic services to consumers who use the services and equipment of Comcast, were not paid for overtime, were paid on a piecemeal basis, were not reimbursed for gas, cellphone bills, parking tickets or vehicle maintenance or damage all of which involved or occurred while working for AC. In addition, AC failed to pay each class member wages during all hours that they worked. Accordingly, the facts supporting the claim for each class member is identical or substantially similar for Plaintiff and each member of the class and the alleged breach and claim of liability is identical or substantially identical for each member of the class. These questions are such that proof of a state of facts common to the class representatives and to members of the class will entitle each member of the class to the relief requested in this complaint.
- 10. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the class, because plaintiff is a member of the class and plaintiff's claims are typical of those in the class.

### FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF (VIOLATION OF FAIR LABOR STANDARD ACT) (AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)

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11.	Plaintiff in	corporates h	erein <i>ir</i>	haec	verba	all of	the al	llegations	, averments,	and
matters	contained i	in paragraphs	1 thro	ugh 10	) abov	e.				

- 12. AC, COMCAST, AFSHIN GHANEH, ANDREW BAHMANYAR and Does 1 through 60 fail to pay overtime to class members even though it is clear that class members are entitled to overtime for each workweek that they work over 40 hours in a week.
- 13. AC'S, COMCAST'S, AFSHIN GHANEH'S and ANDREW BAHMANYAR'S failure to pay overtime due to class members was a willful violation of the FLSA because it would be impossible for defendants not to be aware that the class members were not exempt from overtime requirements and yet they failed to pay overtime and continue to fail to pay overtime through the present time.
- 14. Because all Defendants willfully failed to comply with the FLSA, all Plaintiffs are entitled to damages consisting of the overtime wages they should have been paid and liquidated damages in an amount equal to the unpaid overtime plus interest at the legal rate and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in enforcing the rights.

### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF (CONSPIRACY TO VIOLATE THE FAIR LABOR STANDARD ACT) (AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)

- 15. Plaintiff incorporates herein in haec verba all of the allegations, averments, and matters contained in paragraphs 1 through 14 above.
- 16. Defendants and each of them combined together in a tacit and express agreement to knowingly and intentionally deprive Plaintiff and all class members of their rights to overtime pay as provided by the FLSA

WHEREFORE PLAINTIFFS PRAY JUDGMENT AS FOLLOW:

ON ALL CAUSES OF ACTION:

Document 18-13

Case 3:08-cv-03035-MHP

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- 6



1 Daniel Berko - SBN 94912 LAW OFFICE OF DANIEL BERKO 819 Eddy Street 2 San Francisco, CA 94109 3 Telephone: 415-771-6174 Facsimile: 415-474-3748 4 E-mail: BerkoLaw@SBCglobal.net 5 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR on behalf of himself 6 and all others similarly situated 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 **CASE NO: CV-08-3035-EDL** 11 **DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR on** ADMINISTRATIVE MOTION TO 12 behalf of himself and all others similarly **CONSIDER WHETHER CASES** situated. Plaintiff, 13 SHOULD BE RELATED VS. 14 AC SQUARE, COMCAST INC.; 15 **AFSHIN GHANEH; ANDREW** BAHMANYAR; and DOES 1 16 THROUGH 60, inclusive, 17 Defendants. 18 19 TO EACH PARTY AND TO THE COUNSEL OF RECORD FOR EACH PARTY: 20 Plaintiff hereby gives notice, as required in Civil Local Rule 3-12(b), of the following case 21 related to this action: 22 23 1. UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF 24 CALIFORNIA; DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR vs AC SQUARE et al; with case 25 number CV-08-02907-MHP filed on Federal Court on June 11, 2008 26 These cases are related because they discuss the same claims of unlawful, unfair and fraudulent 27 business practices against the same Defendants. 28

The same Plaintiff DANNY KEATING-TRAYNOR, was in both cases, an employee for Defendant AC SQUARE. Counsel opines that there will be an unduly burdensome duplication of labor and expense or conflicting results if the cases are conducted before different Judges. Date: June 25, 2008 Daniel Berko Attorney for Plaintiff Daniel Keating-Traynor in behalf of himself and all other similarly situated. 

DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR vs AC SQUARE CV-08-03035-EDL **District Court for the Northern District of California** 

PROOF OF SERVICE

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I am a resident of the State of California, over the age of 18 years, and not a party to the within action. My business address is 819 Eddy Street, San Francisco, CA 94109. On Jun 25, 2008 I served a true copy of the following document(s):

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ADMINISTRATIVE MOTION TO CONSIDER WHETHER CASES SHOULD BE RELATED

8 9

By transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the fax number(s) set forth below on this date before 5:00 p.m.

10

By causing to be personally delivered the documents listed above by a messenger service, at the addresses set forth below on this date.

11 12

By placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, at a station designated for collection and processing of envelopes and packages for overnight delivery on next business day, addressed as set forth below.

13 14

By placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in United States mail at San Francisco, California, addressed as set forth below.

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**Ronal A. Peters Littler Mendelson** 50 West San Fernando St. 15th Floor San Jose, CA 94113-2303

COMCAST, INC. An. Andrew C. Topping 1701 John F. Kennedy Blvd. 15th Floor (Legal Department) Philadelpia, PA 19103

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27 28 mailing. Under that practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.

I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. Executed on Jun 25, 2008 at San Francisco, California.

Carlos Jato

DANIEL KEATING-TRAYNOR vs AC SQUARE et al C08-02907-MHP District Court for the Northern District of California

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COMCAST, INC. **ATT. Andrew C. Topping** 1701 John F. Kennedy Blvd. 15th Floor (Legal Department) Philadelpia, PA 19103

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I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct. Executed on Jun 25, 2008 at San Francisco, California.

27 28

Carlos Jato

PROOF OF SERVICE